STARCOM INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY LIMITED



FINANCIAL YEAR 2020-2021

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CORPORATEINFORMATION

Board of Directors:

Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN:<u>00002098</u>) Mr. Maddur Gundurao Mohan Kumar (DIN: <u>00020029</u>) Ms. Sayeeda Hina (DIN: <u>03642269</u>) Mr. Mohammad Yousuf Khan (DIN:<u>00570339</u>)

- Chairman & Managing Director
- Independent Director
- Non Executive Director
- Independent Director

Chief Financial Officer Mr. Mukhtar Ahmad

Company Secretary and Compliance officer: Ms. Nidhi Sharma

Registered Office:

73/1, Sheriff Centre, 5th Floor, St. Marks Road, Bangalore 560001

Corporate Office: 88, Times Square, M.G. Road, Bangalore 560001

Auditors:

M/s. CAS & Co. (Formerly known as K.M Tulsian& Associates) Chartered Accountants

Bankers:

J & K Bank Ltd. Yes Bank Ltd. Indian Bank Ltd. Corporation Bank Ltd.

Registrar & Share Transfer Agent:

Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd. C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400 083

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Twenty Sixth Annual General Meeting of the Members of Starcom Information Technology Limited will be held on Wednesday, 29th September 2021 at 11:00 a.m. at the Corporate office of the company at No. 88, Times Square, M.G. Road, Banglaore-560001, through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Video means (OAVM) for which purposes Corporate Office shall be deemed as the venue for the Meeting and the proceedings of the Annual General Meeting shall be deemed to be made there at, to transact the following businesses:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements comprising of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021 and the Statement of Profit & Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the

year ended on that date together with the Notes, Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon

2. SPECIAL BUSINESS:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification, the following resolution as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION:

"Resolved that pursuant to sub section (3) of section 196. 197 and Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 and any other applicable provisions, as amended from time to time, read with the rules there under, Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN0002098) who retires by rotation, under Sub section (5) of section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, on 11th August 2022 and who has attained the age of 81 years, being eligible for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a director and Chairman and Managing Director of the Company effective from 13th August 2021, whose office shall not be liable to retirement."

By Order of the Board of Directors For Starcom Information Technology Limited

Sd/-Ziaulla Sheriff Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 00002098 Add: Al-Barka Golden Enclave, Airport Road, Bangalore-560017

Date: 13th August 2021 Place: Bangalore CIN: L67120KA1995PLC078846

Registered Office: 73/1, Sheriff Centre, St. Marks Road, Bangalore-560001

NOTES:

1. In view of the massive outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, social distancing is a norm to be followed and pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020, Circular No. 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) followed by Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020, as amended by general circular no. 02/2021 dated 13th January, 2021, physical attendance of the Members to the AGM venue is not required and Annual General Meeting (AGM) can be held through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM only and no physical presence at the meeting is required.

2. Pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020, issued by the MCA, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM and accordingly Proxy form and Attendance slip are not annexed to this Notice. However, the Body Corporates are entitled to appoint authorized representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and participate thereat and cast their votes through e-voting.

3. Pursuant to the provisions of section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended), and the Circulars issued by the MCA dated 8th April, 2020, 13th April, 2020 and 5th May, 2020, 13th January, 2021 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of

the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has made an arrangement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, and independent agency for providing necessary platform for Video Conference/OAVM and necessary technical support as may be required. Therefore, the facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting system as well as e-voting on the day of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.

4. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/ OAVM will be made available for 450 members on first come first served basis. However, this number does not include the large Shareholders (shareholders holding 2% or more share capital), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors, Secretarial Auditors, Scrutinizers, etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.

5. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.

6. The Notice calling the AGM along with complete Annual Report has been uploaded on the website of the Company. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Ltd. at www.bseindia.com and the AGM Notice is also available on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and providing necessary platform for Video Conference/OAVM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.

7. This AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020 and 13th January, 2021.

8. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2020, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2020-21 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2020-21 will also be available on the Company's website - www.starcominfotech.com, websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com, and on the website of CDSL www.evotingindia.com . However, if any specific request is received from the members for demanding of the physical copy of the Annual Report it will be provided by the company but subject to time taken by the courier and / or Postal Department looking to the Covid-19 situation.

9. Members joining the meeting through VC, who have not already cast their vote by means of remote e-voting, shall be able to exercise their right to vote through e-voting at the AGM. The Members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also join the AGM through VC but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.

10. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company shall remain closed from Thursday 23rd day of September, 2021 to Wednesday, 29th day of September, 2021 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of Annual General Meeting.

The voting rights of shareholders shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date (record date) of Wednesday, 22nd September 2021.

The remote e-voting facility will be available during the following period after which the portal shall forthwith be blocked and shall not be available:-

Commencement of remote E-Voting 09:00 AM IST on Sunday, 26th September, 2021.

End of remote E-Voting 05:00 PM IST on Tuesday, 28th September, 2021.

Once the vote on a resolution is casted by the member, the member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.

All documents referred to in the Notice will be available for inspection at the Company's registered office during normal business hours on all working days up to the date of the AGM.
 A statement giving the details of the Director seeking re-appointment under Item No 2 of the accompanying Notice, as required under Regulation 26(4), Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and other requisite information as per Secretarial Standard-2 on General Meetings, is provided in annexure attached herewith.

13. Any query relating to accounts or any other items of business set out in the Agenda of the meeting must be sent to the Company's Registered Office at least seven days before the date of the Meeting. The same will be replied by the Company suitably.

14. Members are requested to notify immediately any change in their name, address, e-mail id, telephone/ mobile numbers, Permanent Account number (PAN), Nominations, Power of Attorney, Bank mandate viz. name and address of the branch of the bank, MICR code, account number with blank cancelled cheques to their Depository Participant (DP) quoting their Client Ids to their respective Depository Participants (DPs) in case the shares are held in demat form and in respect of shares held in physical form to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company namely M/s Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd., C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West) Mumbai - 400 083 to receive the soft copy of all communication and notice of the meetings etc., of the Company.

15. Members may also note that Notice calling AGM will be available on Company's website viz., www.Starcominfotech.com.

16. In case of joint holders, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote at the AGM.

17. Pursuant to Section 101 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, companies can serve Annual Reports and other communications through electronic mode to those members who have registered their e-mail address either with the Company or with the Depository. Members who have not registered their e-mail address to M/s Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd. Members holding shares in demat form are requested to register/ update their e-mail address with their Depository Participant(s) directly. Members of the Company, who have registered their email-address, are entitled to receive such communication in physical form upon request.

18. With a view to using natural resources responsibly, we request shareholders to update their email address with their Depository Participants to enable the Company to send communications electronically.

19. The Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') vide its circular dated April 20, 2018 has mandated registration of Permanent Account Number (PAN) and Bank Account Details for all

securities holders. Members holding shares in physical form are therefore, requested to submit their PAN and Bank Account Details to R & TA viz, Link Intime Private Limited /Company by sending a duly signed letter along with self-attested copy of PAN Card and original cancelled cheque. The original cancelled cheque should bear the name of the Member. In the alternative, Members are requested to submit a copy of bank passbook/ statement attested by the bank. Members holding shares in demat form are, requested to submit the aforesaid information to their respective Depository Participant.

20. As per Regulation 40 of SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended, securities of Listed Companies can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from April 1, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities. In view of this and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for ease of portfolio management, Members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form.

21. Members holding shares in physical form may nominate a person in respect of all shares held by them whether singly or jointly. Members who hold shares singly are advised to avail nomination facility in their own interest. Members holding shares in demat form may contact their respective Depository Participants for recording of nomination.

22. Since the AGM will be held through VC/ OAVM, the Route Map is not being annexed to this Notice.

23. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as on the cut-off date i.e. Wednesday, 22nd September, 2021, may obtain login ID and password by a sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.

However, if the person is already registered with CDSL for remote e-voting then the person can use the existing User ID and password for casting the vote.

Voting through electronic means:

Instructions for shareholders voting electronically are as under:

(i) The voting period begins on Sunday 26th September 2021 at 9.00 a.m. (IST) and ends on Tuesday 28th September 2021 at 5.00 p.m. (IST). During this period, shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of Wednesday, 21st September 2021, may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the Member, the Member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.

(ii) The Members may participate in the AGM even after exercising his/her right to vote through remote e-voting but shall not be allowed to vote again.

(iii) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com

- (iv) Click on Shareholders/Members
- (v) Now Enter your User ID
- a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
- b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,

c. Members holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.

(vi) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.

(vii) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and voted on an earlier voting of any Company, then your existing password is to be used.

	For Members holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form
PAN	 Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) Members who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the first two letters of their name and the 8 digits of the sequence number in the PAN field. In case the sequence number is less than 8 digits enter the applicable number of 0's before the number after the first two characters of the name in CAPITAL letters. Eg. If your name is Ramesh Kumar with sequence number 1 then enter RA00000001 in the PAN field.
Dividend Bank	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the Company records in order to
Details	login.
OR Date of Birth (DOB)	• If both the details are not recorded with the depository or Company please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).

(viii) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

(ix) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.

(x) Members holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, members holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other Company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that Company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.

(xi) For Members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.

(xii) Click on the EVSN for Starcom Information Technology Limited on which you choose to vote.

(xiii) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.

(xiv) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.

(xv) After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.

(xvi) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

(xvii) You can also take out print of the voting done by you by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.

(xviii) If Demat account holder has forgotten the same password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.

(xix) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app m-Voting available for android based mobiles. The m-Voting app can be downloaded from Google Play Store. iPhone and Windows phone. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while voting on your mobile.

Instructions for shareholders attending the AGM through VC/OAVM are as under:

i) Shareholder will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the CDSL e-Voting system. Shareholders may access the same at <u>https://www.evotingindia.com</u> under shareholders/members login by using the remote e-voting credentials. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in shareholder/members login where the EVSN of Company will be displayed.

ii) Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / I-Pads for better experience.

iii) Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.

iv) Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

v) Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance at least 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at tirupati@tirupatistarch.com. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at info@Starcominfotech.com These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.

vi) Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.

Instructions for shareholders for E-Voting during the AGM are as under:-

i) The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote evoting.

ii) Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.

iii) If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

iv) Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.

Process for shareholders whose e-mail ids are not registered with depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e-mail id for e-voting for resolutions set out in this notice:

i) In case shares are held in physical ode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar card) by email to nidhi.sharma@starcominfotech.com.

ii) In case shares are held in demat mode please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar card) to nidhi.sharma@starcominfotech.com

(xx) Note for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians

• Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodian are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves as Corporates.

• A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.

• After receiving the login details a compliance user should be created using the admin login and password. The compliance user would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.

• The list of accounts should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.

• A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

(xxi) In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact Mr. Nitin Kunder (022-23058738) or Mr. Mehboob Lakhani (022-23058543) or Mr. Rakesh Dalvi (022-23058542).. Subject to receipt of requisite number of votes, the Resolutions shall be deemed to have been passed on the date of the Twenty Sixth AGM i.e. Thursday, 29th September 2021.

24. Mr. Supriya Kumar Guha (CP 14795),, Practicing Company Secretaries, Bangalore has been appointed as the Scrutinizer by the Board of Directors to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.

25. The Scrutinizer shall after conclusion of voting at the general meeting, will first count the votes cast at the meeting and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company and shall make, not later than 48 hours of the conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith.

26. The results declared alongwith the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company- www.starcominfotech.com and on the website of the CDSL immediately after declaration of result by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing. The results shall also be immediately forwarded to BSE Limited, Mumbai.

By Order of the Board of Directors For Starcom Information Technology Limited

Sd/-Ziaulla Sheriff Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 00002098 Add: Al-Barka Golden Enclave, Airport Road, Bangalore-560017

Date: August 13. 2021 Place: Bangalore CIN: L67120KA1995PLC078846

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Annexure to Item no. 2 of the Notice

The special resolution at Item no. 2 of this Notice seeks the approval of the Members for reappointment of Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN: 00002098) as the director and Chairman and Managing Director of the Company for a term of three consecutive years commencing from 12th August 2022 to 11th August 2025 pursuant to Sections 196, 197 and schedule V and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") as amended from time to time read with rules made there under. The Nomination and Remuneration committee (NRC) of the Board of directors met on 13th August 2021 and considered the re-appointment of Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN: 00002098) who has attained 81 years of age as a director and Chairman and Managing director of the Company. The NRC noted that since there was no General Meeting proposed after the ensuing Annual General Meeting in September 2021, the NRC would need to consider the continuance of Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN: 00002098) as a director and Chairman and Managing Director of the Company in view of sub section (3) of section 196 read with section 197 and Schedule V of the Act since Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN: 00002098) was 81 years of age and it requires approval of the members of the Company through a special resolution for his continuing as a director and Chairman and Managing director of the Company effective from 12th August 2022. Considering Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff's (DIN: 00002098) industry and management experience, the NRC at its meeting held on 13th August 2021 recommended to the Board of Directors the continuance of Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN: 00002098) as a director and Chairman and Managing Director of the Company.

The Board of Directors at its meeting on the same day, 13th August 2021 considered the recommendation of the NRC for re-appointment of Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN: 00002098) as director and Chairman and Managing Director of the Company effective from 12th August 2022 till 11th August 2025 and opined that his continued association with the Company would be of immense benefit to the Company and enhance shareholder value as well. Accordingly Board of Directors recommended the re-appointment of Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN: 00002098) as a director and Chairman and Managing director of the Company effective from 12th August 2022 subject to the approval of the members by a special resolution pursuant to section 196, 197 and schedule V and all other applicable provisions of the Act as amended from time to time read with rules made there under.

The Board therefore recommends the passing of the special resolution set out at Item no. 2 for approval of the Members for re-appointment of Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN: 00002098) as a director

and Chairman and Managing Director of the Company for a term of three consecutive years commencing from 12th August 2022 to 11th August 2025 pursuant to Sections 196,197 and Schedule V and all other applicable provisions of the Act, as amended from time to time read with rules made there under.

None of the Directors and/or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company, except Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN: 00002098) himself, and Ms. Sayeeda Hina (DIN: 03642269) being the daughter of Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff, are concerned or interested in the said.

Details of Directors' seeking re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting Pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standards-2 issued by ICSI are as follows:

Name of The Director	Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN:00002098)
Designation	Managing Director
Date of Birth	23rd June 1940
Age	81 years
Qualifications	Bachelor of Engineering, Mechanical.
Nature of Expertise in specific functional area	He is an expert in the fields of Information Technology and Real Estate
Brief resume of the Director	Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN: 00002098), the Chairman and Managing Director of the Company has played pivotal role in turnaround of Starcom Information Technology Limited. He had started his ventures at an early stage. Mr. Sheriff is one of the earliest and senior most businessmen in Bangalore realty sector. His fine workmanship and business acumen blended with philanthropic way of working for the benefit of society has made him one of the sought after businessman in Bangalore. Over the last decade he has made significant investments in IT, healthcare and education sector. His involvement with the Company will lead it to achieve the vision and mission of the Company.
Experience	52 Years
Terms and conditions of reappointment	will continue to act as the chairman & managing Director of the Company.
Last drawn remuneration	NIL
Date of first appointment on the Board	12th August 2011
Shareholding in the Company	37,50,450 equity shares
Relationship with other Director/	He is the father of Ms. SayeedaHina,

	the Non Executive Director of the		
Manager/KMPs	_		
No. of meetings of the Board	Company. 4		
attended during the financial year	4		
2020-21			
Other Directorships (other than	Ossoor Estates Limited, Wartyhully		
Starcom Information Technology	Estates Limited, Best Coffee Curing		
Limited)	Works Private Limited, India		
	International Coffee Private Limited,		
	IBC International Private		
	LimitedGreat Southern Coffee Private		
	Limited, Varma Industrial Limited,		
	India Builders Corporation Private		
	Limited, Wisdom World Developers		
	Private Limited, Ramanashree		
	Towers Private Limited, India Coffee		
	Estates Private Limited, Cedar Hills		
	Hospitality Private Limited, IBC		
	Holdings And Investments Private		
	Limited,Varma Industrial Private		
	Limited, Cubeware India Private		
	Limited, Pri Technologies Private		
	Limited, Cubeware Global Private		
	Limited, Golf View Homes Limited,		
	Century Galaxy Developers Limited		
Membership/Chairmanships of the Committees of Boards of other listed	NIL		
entities (other than Starcom			
Information Technology Limited)			
Remuneration to be drawn after	Salary up to a maximum of five per		
appointment/re-appointment	cent of the net profits of a particular		
	financial year or such lower sum, as		
	may be decided by the Board of		
	Directors or Committee of the Board,		
	if any from time to time. A separate		
	approval from the members would		
	be sought as and when this		
	remuneration is considered by the		
	Board of Directors.		

By Order of the Board of Directors For Starcom Information Technology Limited

Sd/-Ziaulla Sheriff Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 00002098 Add: Al-Barka Golden Enclave, Airport Road, Bangalore-560017

Date: 13th August 2021 Place: Bangalore CIN: L67120KA1995PLC078846

BOARD'S REPORT

To, The Members, STARCOM INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY LIMITED

The Directors have pleasure in presenting the **Twenty Sixth Annual Report** of the Company and the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended **31**st **March 2021**.

1. <u>Financial summary or highlights/Performance of the Company:</u>

The financial highlights of the Company are given below. Kindly refer the financial statements forming part of this report for detailed financial information:

		(Amt. in Rs.)
Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Total Income	6,50,75,840	10,29,88,443
Total Expenditure	8,91,47,526	(11,34,07,445)
Profit/ (Loss) before Taxation	(2,40,71,687)	(1,04,19,003)
Less: Provision for Taxation	11,61,944	(39,748)
Net Profit after taxation	(2,52,33,631)	(1,03,79,255)

The above figure of the previous year has been reclassified as per the IND AS provision.

2. Brief description of the Company's working during the year/ State of Company's affair:

During the year under review your Company has achieved a turnover of Rs. 6,50,75,840 /- as compared to turnover of Rs. 10,29,88,443 /- in previous year registering decrease in turnover due to the COVID impact on the business of the company. The total expenses of the Company, consequently, during the reporting period have decreased to Rs. 8,91,47,526 /- from Rs. 11,34,07,445 /- in the previous year. During the year under review, there was net loss after tax of Rs. (2,52,33,631) as compared to Loss of Rs. (1,03,79,255) in the previous financial year.

Your Directors expect, barring unforeseen circumstances, to return to growth momentum and strive for good business growth in the coming years.

3. COVID-19:

In the last month of the Financial year 2019-20, the COVID -19 started spreading rapidly which prompted WHO to declare it a Global Pandemic . It was global crisis forcing governments to enforce complete lockdown in whole country. Except, essential Services, all other economic activity were stopped and lockdown was enforced in majority of countries in the world in order to stop Covid to spread further.

Although with effect from June 01, 2020, the lockdown has been lifted in India to a certain extent, the Company continues to provide the "Work From Home" facility to its employees, so as to avoid the risk associated with the said pandemic. Employees have been given the flexibility to work from home or work form office and COVID 19 precautions have been ensured at the office premises for well being of the employees.

Our Company managed to fulfil mostly the commitments of our existing clients. However, we could not deal new customers/ business during the pandemic situation due to restrictions on the movement of the sales/ marketing personnel.

4. <u>Dividend:</u>

Your Board of Directors express their inability to recommend any dividend for the financial year 2020-21.

5. <u>Reserves:</u>

The Company has not proposed any amount to be transferred to the reserve. The total reserve for the year ended as on 31st March 2021 is Rs.(5,69,83,348)/- as compared to Rs. (3,48,90,449)/- in the previous year.

6. <u>Change in the nature of business, if any:</u>

There was no change in nature of business activity during the year.

7. <u>Material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the</u> <u>Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to</u> <u>which the financial statements relate and the date of the report:</u>

No material changes took place, which had effect on the financial position of the Company, subsequent to the close of the financial year of the Company i.e.31st March 2021 and the date of this report, except due to the effect of Covid in the business and operations of the Company.

8. <u>Details of significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals</u> <u>impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future:</u>

During the year under review, no significant and material orders were passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

9. <u>Details of Subsidiary/Joint Ventures/Associate Companies:</u>

The Company did not have any Subsidiary Company/Joint Venture/Associate Company during the year under review.

10. <u>Details in respect of adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to the Financial</u> <u>Statements:</u>

The Company has devised appropriate systems and framework for adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations including proper delegation of authority, policies and procedures, effective IT systems aligned to business requirements, risk based internal audit framework, risk management framework and whistle blower mechanism.

The Audit Committee regularly reviews the internal control system to ensure that it remains effective and aligned with the business requirements. In case weaknesses are identified as a result of the reviews, new procedures are put in place to strengthen controls.

During the year, controls were tested and reportable material weakness were identified. The Auditors had also stated about material weakness in their report on adequacy of internal financial control. The Company is taking necessary steps to improvise the documentation in respect of specific policies and procedures and the IT Controls pertaining to internal financial controls over financial reporting.

11. Deposits:

During the year, the Company has not accepted any Deposits falling within the purview of Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made there under. However, the Company has

taken loan from Director during the year under review and have obtained declaration pursuant to Rule 2(1)(c)(viii) of the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

As per the requirement of proviso to Rule 2(1)(c)(viii) of the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014, the details of money accepted by the Company from the Director during the financial year 2020-21 is mentioned below;

Sr. No.	Name of the lender	Relationship	Particulars	Amount
1	Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff	Director	Opening	15,12,76,605
			Total Addition	3,84,49,586
			Total Payment	1,56,11,633
			Closing	17,41,14,558

12. Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

A. <u>Changes in Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:</u>

As at the end of year your Company has 4 (four) Directors consisting of 1(One) Executive Director, 2 (Two) Independent Director and 1 (One) Non-Executive non-independent Woman Director.

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN: 00002098), Director of the Company, retires at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself, for re-appointment pursuant to provisions of Section 152 of the Act.

None of the Directors are related to each other or KMP of the Company except Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff and Ms. Sayeeda Hina, being father and daughter.

As on 31st March 2021, following are designated as KMP of the Company:

1.	Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff	Chairman and Managing Director
2.	Mr. Mukhtar Ahmed	Chief Financial Officer
3.	Ms. Nidhi Sharma	Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

B. <u>Board Evaluation</u>:

The Company has a Policy for performance evaluation of Independent Directors, Board, Committees and other individual Directors which include criteria for performance evaluation of the Non-Executive Directors and Executive Directors.

The Board and its Committee evaluations involved questionnaire-driven discussions that covered a number of key areas / evaluation criteria inter alia the roles and responsibilities, size and composition of the Board and its Committees, dynamics of the Board and its Committees and the relationship between the Board and management. The results of the reviews were discussed by the Board as a whole. Feedback was also sought on the contributions of individual Directors. Formal Annual Evaluation was made in compliance with all the applicable provisions of the Act. The Directors were satisfied with the evaluation results, which reflected the overall engagement of the Board and its Committees with the Company.

The Company believes that the Board be continuously empowered with the knowledge of the latest developments in the Company's business and the external forces affecting the industry in which Company operates.

The following policies of the Company are attached herewith marked as **Annexure 1**:

- 1. Policy for selection of Directors and senior management and determining Directors independence and
- 2. Remuneration policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees.

C. <u>Declaration by an Independent Director(s) and re-appointment, if any:</u>

The Company has received declaration u/s 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 from the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company has also received disclosure of interest by all the Directors as per the provisions of Section 184 of Companies Act, 2013.

D. <u>Board Familiarization Program</u>:

At the time of appointment of Independent Director, through the induction process, he/she is familiarized with the Company, the Director's roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model of the Company, etc. Detailed presentations are made before the Board Members at the Board and its Committee Meetings covering various areas including business, strategy, financial performance and forecast, compliances/regulatory updates, audit reports, risk assessment and mitigation, industry, roles, rights, responsibilities of Independent Directors, etc. The Familiarization Program aims to provide insights into the Company to enable the Independent Directors to understand its business in depth and contribute significantly to the Company.

The details of training and familiarization programs are available on our website at <u>https://www.starcominfotech.com/images/starcom/pdfs/familiarisation_programme_Independent_Directors.</u> <u>pdf</u>

13. <u>Number of meetings of the Board of Directors:</u>

The Board of Directors met Four(4) times during the Financial Year on 31st July 2020, 15th September 2020, 13th November 2020 and 13th February 2021. The intervening gap between any two meetings was not more than 120 days as prescribed by the Companies Act, 2013.

Name of Director		31.07.2020	15.09.2020	13.11.2020	13.02.2021
Ziaulla Sheriff		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Maddur	Gundurao	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mohankumar					
Sayeeda Hina		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mohammad Yousu	f Khan	No	Yes	NO	No

Attendance at the Board meetings:

14. <u>Secretarial Standards</u>

The Company complied with the Secretarial Standards 1 and 2 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

15. <u>Details of Committees of the Board:</u>

Currently the Board has 3 Committees; the Audit Committee, Stakeholders' Relationship Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The composition of various committees and compliances, as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 along with the Rules made thereunder, brief details of various Committees are provided as follows:

i) <u>Audit Committee</u>:

The Board has an Audit Committee which comprises of the following Directors as on 31st March 2021. Ms Nidhi Sharma, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, acted as the Secretary to the Committee.:

Name	Designation	Category
Mr. Maddur Gundurao Mohankumar (DIN: 00020029)	Chairman	Independent
		Director
Ms. Sayeeda Hina (DIN: 03642269)	Member	Non-Executive
		Director
Mr. Mohmmad Yousuf Khan (DIN: 00751929)	Member	Independent
		Director

During the year, the Committee met 4 times. The details of the number of meetings and attendance at the meeting are given below:

Name of Director	31.07.2020	15.09.2020	13.11.2020	13.02.2021
Mr. Maddur Gundurao Mohankumar	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ms. Sayeeda Hina	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mr. Mohammad Yousuf Khan	No	Yes	No	No

All the members of the Audit Committee are financially literate and have accounting or related financial management expertise as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

All the major steps impacting the financials of the Company are undertaken only after the consultation of the Audit Committee.

During the year under review, the Board of Directors of the Company had accepted all the recommendations of the Committee.

ii) Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

The Board has Nomination and Remuneration Committee which comprises of the following Directors as on 31st March 2021. Ms Nidhi Sharma, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, acted as the Secretary to the Committee:

Name	Designation	Category
Mr. Maddur Gundurao Mohankumar (DIN: 00020029)	Chairman	Independent Director
Ms. Sayeeda Hina (DIN: 03642269)	Member	Non-Executive
		Director
Mr. Mohmmad Yousuf Khan (DIN: 00751929)	Member	Independent
		Director

During the year, no Nomination and Remuneration Committee meeting was held.

The appointment of the Directors and the Key Managerial Personnel is recommended to the Board by the Committee. The Company has framed a policy to determine the qualification and attributes for appointment and basis of determination of remuneration of all the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees. A copy of the policy is appended as **Annexure 1** to the Board's Report.

iii) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee:

The Board has Stakeholders' Relationship Committee comprising of three Directors. Ms. Nidhi Sharma, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, acted as the Secretary to the Committee. The composition of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee is as follows:

Name	Designation	Category
Mr. Maddur Gundurao Mohankumar (DIN: 00020029)	Chairman	Independent
		Director
Ms. Sayeeda Hina (DIN: 03642269)	Chairperson	Non-Executive
		Director
Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff (DIN: 00002098)	Member	Executive
		Director

The role of the Committee is to consider and resolve securities holders' complaint and to approve/ratify transfer of securities. The meetings of the Committee are held once in a quarter and the complaints, if any are responded and transfers are executed within the time frame provided.

During the year, the Committee met 4 times. The details of the number of meetings and attendance at the meeting are given below:

Name	of	31.07.2020	15.09.2020	13.11.2020	13.02.2021
Director	ſ				
Mr.	Maddur	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Gundur	ao				
Mohankumar					
Ms.	Sayeeda	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hina	-				
Mr.	Ziaulla	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sheriff					

iv) Corporate Social Responsibility Committee:

During the year under review, the Company did not fall within the purview of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and it was not mandatory for the Company to constitute committee on Corporate Social Responsibility or incur any expenditure towards Corporate Social Responsibility. Hence the Company has not constituted the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee.

16. <u>Listing of Securities:</u>

The Company's equity shares are listed on BSE Ltd. (BSE). The stock code of the Company at BSE is 531616.

17. <u>Corporate Governance:</u>

As per the provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the provisions of Corporate Governance are not applicable to your Company. Thus, the Company is not required to annex a Report on Corporate Governance.

18. <u>Statutory Auditors and its Report:</u>

At the Annual General Meeting held on 30th October 2017, M/s CAS & Co. (formerly known as K.M. Tulsian & Associates) Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 111075W) were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of 5 years from the conclusion of the 22nd Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of 27th Annual General Meeting.

The observations in the Auditors' Report are dealt in the notes forming Part of the accounts at appropriate places. The management's reply to the observations in the Annexure to the Auditors' Report is given under:

Clause No.	Auditors' Remarks/ Observations	Management Reply
Annexure B	The material weakness has been identified in the	The Company has noted
	operating effectiveness of the Company's internal	the same and has already
	financial controls over financial reporting as at 31st	started taking necessary
	March 2021:	steps to improve the same
	The documentation in respect of specific policies and	
	procedures and the IT Controls pertaining to internal	
	financial controls over financial reporting are not	
	adequate and needs to be further strengthened. This may	
	potentially result in the risk of overriding of these controls and misstatement in recording of transaction.	
	A "material weakness" is a deficiency, or a	
	combination of deficiencies, in internal control over	
	financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable	
	possibility that a material misstatement of the	
	Company's annual or interim financial statements	
	will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.	
	B. As stated in note 39 of the financial statements, the	For the financial year 2020-
	Company have an overdue statutory dues as on 31st	21 and till date the
	March 2021 in respect of Sales Tax / Service Tax /	Company has serviced
	Goods and Service Tax of Rs. 226.43 lacs (including	statutory liabilities for a
	interest oi Rs. 118.85 lacs), Provident Fund / ESIC /	sum of Rs.113.32 lakhs
	<i>Professional Tax of Rs. 169.70 lacs (including interest of Rs. 69.50 lacs) and Tax Deducted at Source or Rs.</i>	
	577.58 lacs (including interest of Rs. 219.41 lacs).	
	Though the Company has provided for interest up to	
	31st March 2021 in respect of these liabilities, any other	
	consequential impacts as per the respective laws are not	
	ascertained at present. Accordingly, We are unable to	
	comment upon the resultant effect of same on the	
	Assets, Liability and Loss of the company.	
	<i>c.</i> As stated in note 40 of the financial statements, the	
	Company has not provided rent for the year ended 31st March 2021 amounting to P.S. 113 85 lass in respect of	Considering the
	<i>March, 2021 amounting to Rs. 113.85 lacs in respect of office premises owned by a promoter of the Company</i>	continuance of the
	jointly with another party since the Company is having	pandemic over the last year
	negative cashflows and current pandemic situation. Had	and this year, the
	these expenses have been booked by the Company, Rent	agreement with the
	expense, loss for the quarter and year end would have	landlord is being formalised on new terms &
	been higher by Rs. 113.85 lacs respectively and	conditions for the current
	liabilities and debit balance of other equity would have	

been higher by Rs. 227.69 lacs as at 31st March, 2021.	fiscal. The rent for the 5period will be provided for once the rent(s) are agreed upon and formal rent agreement signed by both parties.
D. Attention is invited to Note no. 41 in respect of	
deferred tax assets amounting to Rs. 62.33 lacs, in the	
absence of appropriate audit evidence for reasonable certainty of its realisation, had the said deferred tax assets have not been recognised, loss for the quarter and year end, debit balance of other equity would have been higher by and assets would have been lower by Rs. 62.33 lacs.	The Company has recognised deferred tax asset as management believes that the Company will generate sufficient profits in near future to realise the same
E. Attention is invited to Note no. 42 in respect of	
Intangible Assets under Development amounting to Rs. 2431.03 lacs which is not completed since long time. In the absence of appropriate audit evidence, we are unable to comment whether it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and impairment loss if any in respect of the same. Accordingly, We are unable to comment upon the resultant effect of same on the Assets, Liability and Loss of the company.	The Company is developing Software related to Business Intelligence and Data Quality Solutions. The management believes that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company
	 D. Attention is invited to Note no. 41 in respect of deferred tax assets amounting to Rs. 62.33 lacs, in the absence of appropriate audit evidence for reasonable certainty of its realisation, had the said deferred tax assets have not been recognised, loss for the quarter and year end, debit balance of other equity would have been higher by and assets would have been lower by Rs. 62.33 lacs. E. Attention is invited to Note no. 42 in respect of Intangible Assets under Development amounting to Rs. 2431.03 lacs which is not completed since long time. In the absence of appropriate audit evidence, we are unable to comment whether it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and impairment loss if any in respect of the same. Accordingly, We are unable to comment upon the resultant effect of same on the Assets,

19. Secretarial Auditor and its Report:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Board had appointed M/s. Supriya Kumar Guha, Practicing Company Secretaries (FCS: 2625and CP: 14795), to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year 2020-21 and issue Secretarial Audit Report. The Secretarial Audit Report issued by M/s. Supriya Kumar Guhafor the financial year 2020-21 in Form MR-3 forms part of this report and marked as **Annexure 3**. The reply from the Board on the remarks/ qualifications of the Secretarial Auditors is as under:

Clause No.	Auditors' Remarks/ Observations	Management Reply
1	The Company delayed submitting its shareholding	The company is always
	pattern to Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) as	duly complied in all the
	required under regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing	compliances. This was an
	obligations and Disclosure Requirements)	inadvertent error &
	Regulation 2015 (as amended from time to time) and paid a fine of INR 33,040 inclusive of GST.	company has taken
		necessary steps for the
		Future
2	The Company has delayed the payment of Annual	This was Due to COVID.

	Listing fee to BSE.	However the Fees were paid within the Extended time period provided by BSE.
3	The Company has delayed the payment of annual fees to National Securities Depositories Limited and Central depository Services Limited.	This was due to COVID. However both the Fees were paid within the Extended time period provided by both the depositories.
4	The Company has not filed the reporting of annual return on Foreign Liabilities and Assets (FLA) for 2020-2021 as required under the Foreign exchange Management Act, 1999 even though it has foreign shareholding.	This was an inadvertent error & company has taken necessary steps towards it.

20. Internal Auditors:

Pursuant to Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 13 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, and on the basis of the recommendation of Audit Committee, the Board of Directors in their meeting held on 15th September 2020 had appointed M/s. Mahesh & Nagaraj, Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration Number: 010986S) as the Internal Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2020- 2021.

21. <u>Extract of the Annual Return:</u>

In accordance with Section 134(3)(a) read with Section 92(3) of the Act, the Annual Return in Form MGT-7 is placed on the website of the Company and same can be downloaded by clicking on the following link:

22. Details of establishment of vigil mechanism for Directors and employees:

The Company has a 'Whistle Blower Policy'/'Vigil Mechanism' in place. The Vigil Mechanism of the Company, provides Directors, Employees, customers, contractors and other stakeholders of the Company to report their concerns and seek their redressal. The Company has also taken steps to safeguard any person using this mechanism from victimization and in appropriate and exceptional cases, there is direct access to approach the Chairman of the Audit Committee. Protected disclosures can be made by a whistle blower through an e-mail, or dedicated telephone line or a letter to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The policy on vigil mechanism/ whistle blower be accessed the Company's website policy may on athttp://www.starcominfotech.com/images/starcom/pdfs/VigilMechanism.pdf

23. <u>Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition</u> <u>and Redressal) Act, 2013:</u>

The Company has in place an Anti-sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. An Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been setup pursuant to the provisions mentioned under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee to redress the complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees are covered under this Policy. The policy is gender neutral.

During the year under review no cases were filed/pending with respect to sexual harassment.

24. <u>Conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo:</u>

The particulars as prescribed under Sub-Section (3)(m) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are as follows:

A) <u>Conservation of energy</u>:

i) The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy;

Your Company is in service industry and not having manufacturing activity. The Company is not covered under the list of specified industries. However the Company on continuous basis takes measures for conservation of power.

ii) The steps taken by the Company for utilising alternate sources of energy:

The Company is using electricity as main source of its energy requirement and does not have any alternate source of energy.

iii) The capital investment on energy conservation equipment:

Not Applicable

B) <u>Technology absorption:</u>

i) The efforts made towards technology absorption:

The Company evaluates the best available technology for improving its performance and quality of its service operations.

ii) The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution:

The Company has not absorbed/made any new technology during the year.

iii) In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year):

No technology has been imported by the Company.

iv) The expenditure incurred on Research and Development: Nil

C) Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo:

The information relating to the total foreign exchange used and earned by the Company is given below:

Particulars	Financial year 2020-21	Financial year 2019-20	
Foreign Exchange inflow	2,37,07,361	4,60,59,612	
Foreign Exchange outflow	22,80,933	1,63,28,776	

25. Particulars of loans, guarantees or investments under Section 186:

During the year under review, the Company has not provided any loans, made investments, gave guarantees or subscribed/purchased securities under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

26. <u>Particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties:</u>

The particulars of every contract or arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-Section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including transactions entered at arm's length under third proviso, in prescribed Form No. AOC -2, is appended as **Annexure 2** to the Directors' Report.

27. Directors' Responsibility Statement:

As stipulated under clause(c) of sub-Section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors subscribe to the Directors' Responsibility Statement and state that:

- a) in preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March 2021, the applicable accounting standards had been followed and there are no material departures from them;
- b) the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2021 and of the profit and loss of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- c) the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) proper internal financial controls are in place and that the financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively during the financial year ended 31st March 2021; and
- f) the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively during the financial year ended 31st March 2021.

28. Managerial Remuneration:

- A) The information required to be disclosed with respect to the remuneration of Directors and KMPs in the Directors' Report pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is attached as **Annexure 4**.
- B) There was no employee drawing remuneration more than the limit mentioned under Rule 5(2)(i) to (iii) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.
- C) The names of top ten employees of the Company in terms of remuneration drawn as required pursuant to Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016 is set out as **Annexure 5**.
- D) The Company does not have any Holding Company or Fellow Subsidiary Company and thus, provision w.r.t. receipt of commission from them is not applicable.

29. <u>Risk management policy:</u>

The Company's robust risk management framework identifies and evaluates all the risks that the organization faces such as strategic, financial, credit, market, liquidity, security, property, legal, regulatory, reputational and other risks. The Company recognizes that these risks need to be managed and mitigated to protect its shareholders and other stakeholders, to achieve its business objectives and enable sustainable growth. The risk framework is aimed at effectively mitigating the Company's various business and operational risks, through strategic actions.

Risk management is an integral part of our critical business activities, functions and processes. The risks are reviewed for the change in the nature and extent of the major risks identified since the last assessment. It also provides control measures for risks and future action plans.

The Board periodically discussed and reviewed the Risk Management Policy to strengthen the optimal risk mitigation responses, reporting of risk and efficient management of internal control. The Company believes that the overall risk exposure of present and future risks remains within risk capacity.

30. Cost Records:

As per Section 148(1) of the Act read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, the maintenance of cost records is not mandated on the Company.

31. Management Discussion and Analysis:

As required under Regulation 34 read with Schedule V(B) of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, report on "Management Discussion and Analysis" is attached as **Annexure – 6** and forms a part of this Report.

32. General:

Your Directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items as there were no transactions on these items during the year under review:

- a) Issue of equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- b) Issue of shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of the Company under any scheme.
- c) Issue of sweat equity shares
- d) Voting rights which are not directly exercised by the employees in respect of shares for the subscription/ purchase of which loan was given by the Company (as there is no scheme pursuant to which such persons can beneficially hold shares as envisaged under Section 67(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013).
- e) Explanation for deviation in use proceeds of public issue, rights issue, preferential issue etc.
- f) Details in respect of frauds reported by Statutory Auditors under Section 143(12) other than those which are reportable to the Central Government.

Further the Company is following the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

33. <u>Acknowledgements:</u>

The Directors express their deep gratitude for the co-operation and support extended to your Company by its customers, suppliers, bankers and various government agencies. Your Directors also place on record the commitment and involvement of the employees at all levels and looks forward to their continued co-operation. The Directors are also thankful to the Shareholders for their continued support to the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

-/Sd Ziaulla Sheriff Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 00002098 Add: Al-Barka Golden Enclave, Airport Road,Bangalore-560017

Date: August 13, 2021 Place: Bangalore

ANNEXURE - 1

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION POLICY Introduction:

In pursuance of the Company's policy to consider human resources as its invaluable assets, to pay equitable remuneration to all Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and Senior Management Level of the Company, to harmonize the aspirations of human resources consistent with the goals of the Company and in terms of the provisions of the Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 this policy on nomination and remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management has been formulated by the Committee and approved by the Board of Directors.

Terms of Reference:

Following is the terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

- To lay down criteria and terms and conditions with regard to identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors (Executive and Non-Executive) and persons who may be appointed in Senior Management and Key Managerial positions and to determine their remuneration.
- To determine remuneration based on the Company's size and financial position and trends and practices on remuneration prevailing in peer companies.
- To carry out evaluation of the performance of Directors, as well as Key Managerial and Senior Management Personnel.
- To provide them reward linked directly to their effort, performance, dedication and achievement relating to the Company's operations.
- To retain, motivate and promote talent and to ensure long term sustainability of talented managerial persons and create competitive advantage.

The Board has the authority to reconstitute the Committee from time to time.

Definitions:

- 1. Board means Board of Directors of the Company.
- 2. Directors mean Directors of the Company.
- 3. Committee means Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company as constituted or reconstituted by the Board.
- 4. Company means Starcom Information Technology Limited.

- 5. Independent Director means a director referred to in Section 149 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 6. Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) means
 - i. Executive Chairman and / or Managing Director
 - ii. Whole-time Director
 - iii. Chief Financial Officer
 - iv. Company Secretary
 - v. Such other officer as may be prescribed under the applicable statutory provisions /regulations
 - vi. Senior Management means personnel of the Company occupying the position of Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of any unit / division or Vice President including Vice President of any unit / division of the Company. Unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions used in this policy and not defined herein but defined in the Companies Act, 2013 as may be amended from time to time shall have the meaning respectively assigned to them therein.

Applicability: The Policy is applicable to

- Directors (Executive and Non-Executive)
- Key Managerial Personnel
- Senior Management Personnel

General:This Policy is divided in three parts:

Part - A covers the matters to be dealt with and recommended by the Committee to the Board,

Part – B covers the appointment and nomination and

Part - C covers remuneration and perquisites etc.

PART A: MATTERS TO BE DEALT WITH, PERUSED AND RECOMMENDED TO THE BOARD BY THE NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

The Committee shall:

- Formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director.
- Identify persons who are qualified to become Director and persons who may be appointed in Key Managerial and Senior Management positions in accordance with the criteria laid down in this policy.
- Recommend to the Board, appointment and removal of Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel.

PART – B: POLICY FOR APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTOR, KMP AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT:

Appointment criteria and qualifications:

- 1. The Committee shall identify and ascertain the integrity, qualification, expertise and experience of the person for appointment as Director, KMP or at Senior Management level and recommend to the Board his / her appointment.
- 2. A person should possess adequate qualification, expertise and experience for the position he/she is considered for appointment. The Committee has discretion to decide whether qualification, expertise and experience possessed by a person is sufficient/satisfactory for the concerned position.

3. The Company shall not appoint or continue the employment of any person as Whole time Director who has attained the age of seventy years. Provided that the term of the person holding this position may be extended beyond the age of seventy years with the approval of shareholders by passing a special resolution based on the explanatory statement annexed to the notice for such motion indicating the justification for extension of appointment beyond seventy years.

4. Term/Tenure:

- 1. **Managing Director/ Whole-time Director:** The Company shall appoint or reappoint any person as its Executive Chairman, Managing Director or Executive Director for a term not exceeding five years at a time. No re-appointment shall be made earlier than one year before the expiry of term.
- 2. **Independent Director**: An Independent Director shall hold office for a term up to five consecutive years on the Board of the Company and will be eligible for reappointment on passing of a special resolution by the Company and disclosure of such appointment in the Board's report. No Independent Director shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms, but such Independent Director shall be eligible for appointment after expiry of three years of ceasing to become an Independent Director. Provided that an Independent Director shall not, during the said period of three years, be appointed in or be associated with the Company in any other capacity, either directly or indirectly. At the time of appointment of Independent Director serves is restricted to seven listed companies as an Independent Director in case such person is serving as a Whole-time Director of a listed Company.
- 5. **Evaluation:** The Committee shall carry out evaluation of performance of every Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel at regular interval (yearly).
- 6. **Removal**: Due to reasons for any disqualification mentioned in the Companies Act, 2013, rules made thereunder or under any other applicable Act, rules and regulations, the Committee may recommend, to the Board with reasons recorded in writing, removal of a Director, KMP or Senior Management Personnel subject to the provisions and compliance of the said Act, rules and regulations.
- 7. **Retirement**: The Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel shall retire as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the prevailing policy of the Company. The Board will have the discretion to retain the Director, KMP, Senior Management Personnel in the same position / remuneration or otherwise even after attaining the retirement age, for the benefit of the Company.

PART - C POLICY RELATING TO THE REMUNERATION FOR THE WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR, KMP AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL General:

- 1. The remuneration / compensation / commission etc. to the Managing Director, Whole-time Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel will be determined by the Committee and recommended to the Board for approval. The remuneration / compensation / commission etc. shall be subject to the prior/post approval of the shareholders of the Company& Central Government, as required.
- 2. The remuneration and commission to be paid to the Managing Director and the Whole-time Director shall be in accordance with the percentage / slabs / conditions laid down in the Articles of Association of the Company and as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the rules made thereunder.

- 3. Where any insurance is taken by the Company on behalf of its Managing Director, Whole-time Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, the Company Secretary and any other employees for indemnifying them against any liability, the premium paid on such insurance shall not be treated as part of the remuneration payable to any such personnel. Provided that if such person is proved to be guilty, the premium paid on such insurance shall be treated as part of the remuneration.
- Remuneration to Whole-time/ Executive/ Managing Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel:
- 1. **Fixed pay:** The Whole-time Director / KMP and Senior Management Personnel shall be eligible for a monthly remuneration as may be approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Committee. The breakup of the pay scale and quantum of perquisites including, employer's contribution to P.F., pension scheme, medical expenses, club fees etc. shall be decided and approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Committee and approved by the shareholders and Central Government, wherever required.
- 2. **Minimum Remuneration:** If, in any financial year, the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company shall pay remuneration to its Managing Director and Whole-time Director in accordance with the provisions of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 and if it is not able to comply with such provisions, with the previous approval of the Central Government.
- 3. **Provisions for excess remuneration:** If the Managing Director or the Whole-time Director draws or receives, directly or indirectly by way of remuneration any such sums in excess of the limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 or without the prior sanction of the Central Government, where required, he/ she shall refund such sums to the Company and until such sum is refunded, hold it in trust for the Company. The Company shall not waive recovery of such sum refundable to it unless permitted by the Central Government.
- Remuneration to Non-Executive / Independent Director:
- 1. **Remuneration / Commission:** The remuneration / commission shall be fixed as per the slabs and conditions mentioned in the Articles of Association of the Company and the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder.
- 2. Sitting Fees: The Non- Executive / Independent Director may receive remuneration by way of fees for attending meetings of Board or Committee thereof, provided that the amount of such fees shall not exceed Rs.20,000/- per meeting of the Board or Committee or such amount as may be prescribed by the Central Government from time to time.
- 3. **Commission**: Commission may be paid within the monetary limit approved by shareholders, subject to the limit not exceeding 1% of the profits of the Company computed as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 4. **Stock Options:** An Independent Director shall not be entitled to any stock option of the Company.

POLICY REVIEW

This policy is framed based on the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules thereunder. In case of any subsequent changes in the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 or any other regulation which makes any provision of the policy inconsistent with the Act or Regulations, the provisions of the Act or regulations would prevail over the policy and the provisions in the policy would be modified in due course to make it consistent with the law.

The policy shall be reviewed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee as and when changes need to be incorporated in the policy due to changes in regulations or as may be felt

appropriate by the Committee. Any change or modification in the policy as recommended by the Committee would be given for approval to the Board. **For and on behalf of the Board of Directors**

Sd/-Ziaulla Sheriff Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 00002098 **Address:** Al-Barka Golden Enclave, Airport Road,Bangalore-560017

Date: August , 2021 Place: Bangalore

ANNEXURE -2

Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-Section (3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-Section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions not at arm's length basis: NIL

2. Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis:

(a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship: Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff and Ms. Sayeeda Hina. Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff is a partner in the firm namely, Sheriff and Bhatia Associates. Ms. Sayeeda Hina is daughter of Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff.

(b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions: Payment of rent by Starcom Information Technology Limited for using the premises located at Times Square, No. 88 MG Road, Bangalore – 560001.

(c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/ transactions: Due to non payment, Rent accrued is not being considered in the book of account as the agreement has lapsed.

(d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any: Starcom Information Technology Limited has deposited with the lessor Rs.100,00,000/- as Security Deposit. The rent to be paid by the Company every month was Rs.9,48,750/-. No payment has been accrued and paid by the Company for the last year.

(e) Date(s) of approval by the Board: 13th August 2019

(f) Amount paid as advances, if any: Security Deposit of Rs.100,00,000/- is paid by Starcom Information Technology Limited to M/s. Sheriff and Bhatia Associates.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-Ziaulla Sheriff Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 00002098 Address: Al-Barka Golden Enclave, Airport Road, Bangalore-560017

Date: 13th August 2021 Place: Bangalore

ANNEXURE -3

Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

For the Financial year ended 31st March 2021 [Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, **Starcom Information Technology Limited** (CIN: L67120KA1995PLC078846) 73/1, Sheriff Centre, 5th Floor, St. Marks Road, Bangalore - 560001

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Starcom Information Technology Limited** (CIN: L67120KA1995PLC078846) (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company to the extent provided to us and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March 2021 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance - mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Starcom Information Technology Limited ("the Company") for the financial year ended on 31st March 2021 according to the provisions of:

(i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;

(ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;

(iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;

(iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings

(v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-

a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;

b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;

c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period as the Company has not issued any new securities);

d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014; (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period as the Company has not issued any ESOP/ESPS);

e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period as the Company has not issued any Debt instruments/ Securities);

f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;

g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period as delisting of securities did not take place); and

h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998 (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period as the Company has not bought back its securities);

i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;

(vi) Other laws applicable specifically to the Company namely:

- i. Information Technology Act, 2000 and the rules made thereunder
- ii. The foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999
- iii. The Export and Import policy of India;
- iv. The Indian Copyright Act, 1957;
- v. The Patents Act, 1970;
- vi. The Trade Marks Act, 1999;

(vii) The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Rules, 2013

In respect of other laws specifically applicable to the Company, I have relied upon information produced by the Company during the course of my audit and the reporting is limited to that extent.

Further a detailed verification of the applicable laws was not conducted due to non-availability of the necessary information.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

(i) Secretarial Standards (SS-1 and SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

Note: Regulations 17, 18, 19, 20, 21,22, 23, 24, 24A, 25, 26, 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of subregulation (2) of regulation 46 and para C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 are not applicable to the Company as the paid up equity share capital of the Company does not exceed Rs.10 Crore and net worth does not exceed Rs.25 Crore, as on the last day of the previous financial year.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above except to the extent as mentioned below:

i. The Company delayed submitting its shareholding pattern to Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) as required under regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015 (as amended from time to time) and *paid a fine of INR 33,040 inclusive of GST*.

ii. The Company has not filed the reporting of annual return on Foreign Liabilities and Assets (FLA) for 2020-2021 as required under the Foreign exchange Management Act, 1999 even though it has foreign shareholding.

iii. The Company has delayed the payment of Annual Listing fee to BSE.

iv. The Company has delayed the payment of annual fees to National Securities Depositories Limited and Central depository Services Limited.

We are given to understand that majority decision is carried through in the Board and its committee meetings while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes. However there were no dissenting views as per the minutes.

We further report that the Company needs to strengthen its systems and processes to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines. Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting. However, detailed notes on agenda items have not been sent always and at times sent late. The Company is advised to comply with the Secretarial standards 1 issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India in letter and spirit.

We further report that during the audit period, there were no instances of: (i) Public/Rights/Bonus/Preferential issue of shares/debentures/sweat equity.

(ii) Redemption/buy-back of securities.

(iii) Merger/amalgamation/reconstruction etc.

(iv) Foreign technical collaborations.

For Practicing Company Secretaries Proprietor C.P. No.: 14795 Membership No.: F2625 UDIN: Date: September 6, 2021 Place: Bangalore This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure A** and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure A

To, The Members, **Starcom Information Technology Limited** (CIN: L67120KA1995PLC078846) 73/1, Sheriff Centre, 5th Floor, St. Marks Road, Bangalore - 560001 Our report of even date is to be read along with the letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.

2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.

4. Where ever required we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happenings of events etc.

5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.

6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For C. P. No.14795 Membership No. F2625

UDIN : ... Date: September 6, 2020 Place: Bangalore

ANNEXURE -4

	DETAILS OF TOP TEN EMPLOYEES OF THE COM						
SR. NO.	NAME OF THE EMPLOYEE	DESIGNATION OF THE EMPLOYEE	REMUNERATION RECEIVED PER MONTH (in Rs.)	NATURE OF EMPLOYMENT	QUALIFICATION		
1	ASHFAQ IBRAHIM	CHIEF SALES OFFICER	3,08,500	PERMANENT	МВА		
2	MEHRAJ LANKER	CHIEF MARKETING OFFICER	2,23,500	PERMANENT	B.Tech		
3	SYED ABDUL MUJEEB	CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER	2,46,563	PERMANENT	M.Tech		
4	AMUTHUKKINIYAVEL MANOHARAN	VICE PRESIDENT	3,19,333	PERMANENT	MCA		
5	SHAIK MUSTAK AHMED	ASSOCIATE VICE PRESIDENT - TECHNOLOGY	1,78,500	PERMANENT	MBA		
6	WAHAB SHARIFF	MANAGER - SALES	1,92,667	PERMANENT	B.E		
7	PANDIARAJAN T	PROJECT LEAD	1,86,000	PERMANENT	BE		
8	ONKARA MURTHY H M	TEAM LEAD	1,61,000	PERMANENT	BE, MBA		
9	PARTHAN C V	REGIONAL SALES MANAGER - APAC	1,51,417	PERMANENT	BE (CIVIL & Environment)		
10	SULTAN MOHIYUDDIN	MANAGER - SALES	1,42,967	PERMANENT	B.E		

Y EXPERIENCE	DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF EMPLOYMENT IN THE COMPANY	AGE	LAST EMPLOYMENT HELD BY SUCH EMPLOYEE BEFORE JOINING THE COMPANY	PERCENTAGE OF SHARES HELD IN THE COMPANY ALONG WITH SPOUSE AND DEPENDENT CHILDREN	WHETHER A RELATIVE OF DIRECTOR OR MANAGER OF THE COMPANY
25 Years	01/08/2015	53	Cranes Software International Limited	NIL	No
23 Years	01/08/2015	48	Cranes Software International Limited	0.04	No
28 Years	01/08/2014	55	ABK Softwares Services	NIL	No
25 Years	01/08/2014	50	Cranes Software International Limited	NIL	No
22.3 Years	02/05/2014	45	Reznext Global Solutions Pvt Ltd	NIL	No
21 years	01/08/2014	50	Cranes Software International Limited	NIL	No
17 years	01/08/2014	51	Cranes Software International Limited	NIL	No
15 years	01/08/2014	50	Cranes Software International Limited	NIL	No
25 years	01/08/2015	50	Cranes Software International Limited	NIL	No
19 years	01/08/2014	46	Cranes Software International Limited	NIL	No

ANNEXURE - 5

DETAILS OF REMUNERATION

Details pertaining to remuneration as required under Section 197(12) read with Rule 5(1) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016

i. The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year:

The median remuneration of employees of the Company during the Financial Year 2020-21 was Rs Rs.6,43,577 The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the Financial Year 2020-21 will be zero as no remuneration is paid to the Directors.

- **ii.** The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director and KMP, in the financial year: In the year 2020-21 there was a decrease in the remuneration of Company Secretary Ms Nidhi Sharma. No remuneration is paid to Directors & CFO of the Company.
- **iii.** The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the Financial Year: In the Financial Year 2020-21, there was an increase of (3.51%) in the median remuneration of employees.
- **iv.** The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company: There were 37 (including KMP) permanent employees on the rolls of the Company as on 31st March 2021.
- v. Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last Financial Year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof:

Average percentile increase made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last Financial Year was 3.51%, whereas no remuneration is paid to the Directors of the Company. This is based on the Nomination & Remuneration policy of the company that rewards people differentially based on their contribution to the success of the company and also ensures that external market competitiveness and internal relatitivities are taken care of.

vi. Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company: It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid is as per the Policy for Remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-Ziaulla Sheriff Chairman and Managing Director **DIN:** 00002098 **Address:** Al-Barka Golden Enclave, Airport Road,Bangalore-560017 Date: 13th August 2021 Place: Bangalore

ANNEXURE - 6

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

1. INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENTS

OVERVIEW

The Company is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and with its registered office at Bangalore, Karnataka, India. The Company has its primary listings on BSE Limited .The Company has been steadily expanding its customer base, infrastructure, product lines and industry verticals. The growth momentum of the Company continues to attract top talent and win new customers and strengthen existing customer relationships. The Company is aspiring to be an eminent global IP driven solution provider in the MDM, Data quality, Business Intelligence and Data Analytics space.

MISSION

Our mission is to enable every organization to realize the power of their data with trust and speed. The suite of products from Starcom integrates data and applications in real time across cloud and big data environments, as well as traditional systems, allowing organizations to develop a unified view of their business and customers across organizational and technology silos. We are a key enabler of the data-driven enterprise where data is a strategic asset powering business.

Our flagship platform Star360 allows customers in any industry to improve business performance by using their data to create new insights and to automate business processes. Our customers rely on our software to better understand their customers to improve their sales, services and compliance. The amount of data available for decision making is increasing dramatically, and the technology to analyze and act on that data is becoming more capable and ubiquitous. The growing capabilities of cloud data warehouses have created a powerful and easy-to-use alternative to on-premise infrastructure that is accelerating the shift of data to the cloud and expanding the availability of big data and machine learning technologies to organizations of all sizes. At the same time, the increasing pace of business is driving the need for more real-time data processing and the need to make data-driven decisions throughout organizations, creating demand for self-service business and analytical applications. Data infrastructure has begun to shift to cloud platforms to enhance agility, elasticity, scalability, and time-to-value. As a result, organizations require agile, real-time data integration and integrity solutions that support their evolving needs.

Starcom products Star360, StarDQ and Star BI provide a comprehensive, flexible solution to address IT integration needs across industries. It works seamlessly across on-premise and cloud

environments to connect both traditional and big data environments. Organizations canquickly integrate all forms of data across systems and applications at scale, with significantly improved performance and lower total cost of ownership than traditional data integration approaches. Star360 interoperates and natively integrates with cloud data platforms such as Amazon AWS and Microsoft Azure, while including extensive support for cloud data warehouses such as Amazon Redshift, Microsoft Azure Data Warehouse.

Our flexible architecture enables us to rapidly adopt new technologies as they emerge and support evolving cloud environments so that our customers can maximize the value of their data investments. Our technology allows our customers to manage both batch and real-time data processing and incorporate machine learning to leverage data for the automation of operational workflows. Our flexible cloud architecture allows organizations to operate in a cloud-based environment, in their on-premise datacenter, in private clouds, or in any hybrid combination.

We are in the early stages of four disruptive trends that are reshaping the IT industry: The amount & availability of increasing data; adoption to Cloud & Big data technologies; and change in buying behavior are creating an increasing number of new opportunities for organizations to be data driven. It is now, more than ever, critical for organizations to have an IT strategy that enables them to leverage data to support their business initiatives. To do this, IT teams must be able to work with new data platforms and fluidly address high volume, IoT, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning initiatives with self-service and real-time scenarios.

PRODUCTS

Starcom Information Technology Limited is a leader for Automated data management and Customer 360 platform which includes **Customer 360°**, **Data Quality**, **Business Intelligence &Data Analytics**Products and Services.

STAR360° An Interactive UI driven Self Service Customer 360 automated platform, serves as single point of contact for front-end Digital systems, CRM Systems, Business Intelligence, Call Center, Bots and Mobile Apps to deliver the comprehensive 360° view of the Customer.**Star**360 platform has an embedded **StarDQ**to perform Data Quality activities such as Cleansing, Enrichment, Deduplication etc.

Star 360 features:

• Sourcing data from multiple databases pertaining to various LOB's running in silos.

- Manages the Cleansing, Standardization and Enrichment of data before homogenizing the same with a common reference database, based on fixed and custom rules
- De-Duplicates the Customer records sourced from multiple silos & produces a refined database repository which is 'single source of truth' for all Customer related queries.
- Collates the connected data pertaining to Customers into the same database repository to make it as single point of reference about the associated relationships for the selected Customer.
- Offers Source to Target Visual Data Reconciliation.
- Offers UI based monitoring control panel to manage the internal processes with suitable reports and dashboards coupled with alerts and notifications.

ST RDQ A powerful, real time automated enterprise solution for Data Cleansing, Deduping, Clustering and enriching the data. **StarDQ** has processed more than 1 Billion Customer Records, **StarDQ** is a completely **Automated Data Quality** engine which embeds into the customer's existing business workflow and eliminates the need for any manual data quality teams and services.

With our Architecture customers can run the complete **cleansing**, **enrichment** and **dedupe** process in 2-3 hours on daily incremental data sets with 10 Million historical records. Traditionally this activity would take days if not months for multiple data sets across various sources. The engine works on **Scheduling** basis and is timed to run every day after the working hours so that incremental data coming in daily gets deduped with Historical Data and clustered during the night. **StarDQ**can implement specific Business Rules for each Dataset. The scalable architecture is the key feature of the product which easily handles millions of records and maintains the batch timings. The online verification module allows business users to access the **Golden Records** to get the credentials (unique/Duplicate) of the new record being created in the business system on a real-time basis.

Data Steward Module:

StarDQ engine provides enriched data and more accurate de-duplication results most of the time. If the input records don't meet the minimum criteria as per business rules, then those records get flagged as '**erroneous**' and will be not considered for de-duplication

process. These 'erroneous' records require manual intervention/ corrections [by means of Data Stewardship] to form better/meaningful clusters and standardization.

Data Steward Tool has two activities:

- Manual Data correction /enrichment for failure cases/erroneous records
- Manually correct any specific instances of wrong de-duplication/ clustering

STARBI Self Service business intelligence software empowers business users by turning data into actionable insights and enable organizations to improve their decision making. StarBI, an intelligent self-service Business Intelligence tool, allows you to discover trends, track KPIs and visualize data. Connect to multiple data sources, create and schedule reports & dashboards, set alerts and run predictive analytics with our drag-and-drop GUI in less than 10 clicks!

Opportunities & threats- Our Strengths:

We believe our Solutions address the markets for Automation, Master Data Management, which IDC estimates combined were \$17 billion in 2016 and are forecasted to reach \$23 billion in 2020. IDC forecasts the data integration and integrity market to grow from \$6.0 billion in 2017 to \$9.8 billion in 2022. We believe that these markets will further expand as a portion of spend on hand-coded integrations will transition to software-based integration solutions given the time consuming and expensive process of manual integrations coupled with the scarcity of personnel with the requisite technical skills. The transformative change in IT infrastructure is driving a dramatic shift to cloud platforms to address infrastructure and data warehousing needs. This is driving rapid growth in cloud integration. According to IDC, the market for Cloud Data Integration and Integrity Software is forecast to reach \$2.3 billion by 2022, representing a 30% CAGR from 2018. Our Star360 Platform is offered as both a SaaS or premise offering, and works seamlessly across a customer's on-premise, cloud and hybrid environments to integrate data in real time from both traditional and big data environments. We enable organizations to unlock the value of their data to create real-time, predictive insights. Customers can use a single design environment to create intelligent data flows with machine learning algorithms that can process both batch and real-time streaming data to automate the delivery of insights.

Marketing

Our Marketing Team is responsible for increasing the awareness of Starcom Solutions, fostering the MDM community, generating demand, gathering market feedback and enabling our field sales team to effectively sell our solution. Free trial editions of our products are key drivers of awareness and initial usage. When deciding whether to purchase our Solutions, our customers primarily learn from white papers, webinars and third-party research before engaging with our sales team. It is a key mission of the marketing team to support and accelerate this learning process. The marketing team includes the following functions: SEO, Lead Generation, marketing communications, field marketing and product management.

Sales

We sell our software and services through both a direct sales force and indirect channel partners globally. We also offer our StarBI via a self-service e-commerce platform which typically does not require the involvement of sales personnel or partners. Our sales efforts are built on a land-and-expand sales model. To facilitate market adoption, we offer a free trial version of our products and these downloads become leads for our marketing and sales organization to develop and close. After an initial deployment, organizations often purchase more products, add licenses or expand usage to additional modules from Starcom Solutions. We sell our apps to organizations of all sizes and the majority of our sales are through our direct sales force. Our direct sales force includes an inside sales team which is closely aligned with a Field sales team. Post-sale, our customers are managed by a dedicated customer success team. Our customer success team is responsible for driving successful deployments, maintaining customer relationships, renewing existing contracts and identifying expansion opportunities within existing customers.

OUR STRATEGY

Our strategic objective is to build a sustainable organization that remains relevant to the agenda of our clients, while generating profitable growth for our investors. In order to do this, we will apply the priorities of 'renew' and 'new' to our own business and cascade it to everything we do.

Our Business strategy is based on a "land and expand" business model and is designed to capitalize on the ease of use, low up-front cost and collaborative capabilities of our software. To facilitate rapid adoption of our products, we provide fully-functional free trial versions of our products on our website and have created a Flexible and Simple Annual Subscription pricing model. After an initial trial or purchase, which is often made to target a specific business need at a grassroots level within an organization, the use of our products often spreads across departments, divisions, and geographies, via word-of-mouth, discovery of new use cases, and our sales efforts.

Our Growth Strategy - Key drivers:

- •Maintain our technology leadership.
- •Grow our customer base.
- Expand our ecosystem of partners.
- •Continue to grow globally.

OUR COMPETITION

We experience competition in solution delivery and see a rapidly-changing marketplace with new competitors arising in new technologies who are focused on agility, flexibility and innovation.

We typically compete with other technology solution providers in response to requests for proposals. Clients often cite our industry expertise, comprehensive end-to-end solutions, ability to scale, superior quality and process execution, Global Delivery Model, experienced management team, talented professionals and track record as reasons for awarding us contracts.

3. Segment-wise Performance:

The segment-wise performance of the Company during the year is given below:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2021 (Amt in Lakhs.)
A. Segment Revenue	
1. Test, Measurement & Embedded Solutions for Educational Sector	186.34
2. Data Quality ,Statistical & Analytics Software	377.75
Total Revenue	564.09
B. Segment Results	

1. Test, Measurement & Embedded Solutions for Educational Sector	20.57
2. Data Quality ,Statistical & Analytics Software	154.43
Total	175.01
Less: Interest Expenses	129.89
Unallocable Expenditure	285.82
Add: Exceptional Item	-
Total Profit Before Tax	(240.71)
Less; Tax Expenditure	(1.16)
C. Capital Employed	
1.Test, Measurement & Embedded Solutions for Educational Sector	58.59
2. Data Quality ,Statistical & Analytics Software	3,494.85
3.Unallocated	165.23
Total Capital Employed	3,718.68

4. Outlook:

In order to meet the changing market realities, our Company has been following the philosophy of providing the highest quality products and solutions at the lowest possible prices.

All endeavors are made to achieve possible cost reduction in every area of operations.

Our Company's philosophy is to provide high class quality products i.e. full value for money to consumers; this would greatly benefit in the long run.

Our Company believes in building and maintaining deep customer relationships and become a trusted business partner to global enterprises.

5. Risks and concerns:

The Company has been initiating various risk management programs to combat strategic, operational and financial as well as compliance-related risks across various levels of the

organization. It includes risk assessment and mitigation at the company level, business / functional unit level, relationship level and project level. The risk management process is continuously improved and adapted to the changing global risk scenario. The agility of the risk management process is monitored and reviewed for appropriateness with the changing risk landscape. The process of continuous evaluation of risks includes taking stock of the risk landscape on an event driven as well as quarterly basis.

6. Internal Control systems and their adequacy:

The Company maintains adequate internal control system, which provides, among other things, reasonable assurance of recording the transactions of its operations in all material aspects and of providing protection against significant misuse or loss of Company's assets.

The Company has an adequate system of internal controls implemented for achieving efficiency in operations, optimum utilization of resources with analysis of data to strengthen it to meet the changing requirements. However, the Company is taking the necessary steps to improvise the documentation with respect to the specific policies and procedures and the IT Controls pertaining to internal financial controls over financial reporting.

7. Discussion on financial performance with respect to operational performance:

Particulars	2020-21	2019-20	Change
	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount. in Rs.)	(%)
Revenue from operations (1)	5,64,09,872	9,32,26,398	-33.60
Other income (2)	86,65,968	97,62,044	-5.39
Sub-total (1+2)	6,50,75,840	10,29,88,442	-31.67
Total Expenditure	8,91,47,526	11,34,07,445	-24.02
Profit/(Loss) before Tax	-2,40,71,687	-1,04,19,003	-604.87
Profit/ (Loss) after Tax	-2,52,33,631	-1,03,79,255	-646.78

Financial performance:

There has been decrease of in the revenues of the Company as compared to the previous year by -33.60%. The Company was able to reduce the expenses & it got Decreased by -24.02% to Rs. 8,91,47,526 from Rs. 11,34,07,445 /- incurred in the previous financial year. However, the other income of the Company has reduced by -5.39%. During the current financial year the Company has recorded Loss after tax of Rs.(2,52,33,631) /- as compared to the Loss after tax of Rs. (1,03,79,255/-) in the previous year. The Company is expected to earn more profits in the coming years.

DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS

SL. No	Particulars	2020-21	2019-20	Variation (%)
i.	Debtors Turnover			
		1.61	1.33	41.82
ii.	Inventory Turnover	23.74	31.01	
				(10.07)
iii.	Interest Coverage Ratio		1.16	
	C	(0.85)		(9,770.33)
iv.	Current Ratio	0.39	0.66	
				(18.83)
v.	Debt Equity Ratio		0.84	
	1 7	(24.19)		(2,789.36)
vi.	Operating Profit Margin		0.04	
	(%)	(0.20)		89.41
vii.	Net Profit Margin		0.01	
		(0.45)		301.79
viii.	Return on Net worth	3.62	0.06	
				(626.68)

Details of significant changes in key financial ratios are given as under:

Reason for change in 25% or more in key financial ratios as compared to the immediately previous financial year:

- i. **Debtors Turnover Ratio:** During the year under Review, the Debtors Turnover Ratio decreased majorly due to reduction in sales
- ii. **Interest Coverage Ratio**: There's a sharp reduction in the Ratio due to lower earnings on account of decline in sales while reduction in other expenses .
- iii. **Current Ratio**: Decline in ratio is on account of reduction in cash & cash equivalents with corresponding decrease in Trade Receivable & other Noncurrent Liabilities.
- **iv. Operating Profit Margin :** The reduction is due to loss because of Decrease in other expense.
- v. Net Profit Margin: The reduction in margin is due to decline in sales.
- vi. **Return on Net worth :** Return on Net worth was reduced as the sales in the last month of the Financial Year was impacted due to COVID-19

8. Material developments in Human Resources/ Industrial Relations front:

In any services enterprise, employees form the core of an organization. We recognize the vitality of this stakeholder. A significant portion of our management focus is invested in engaging with our employees and improvement of services to the client's satisfaction.

During the year the Company has not reported any Management-Employee conflict. The Company is committed to create an appropriate climate, opportunities and systems to facilitate identification, development and utilization of employees' full potential on a continuous basis.

Number of employees:

There were 37 (including KMP) permanent employees on the rolls of the Company as on 31st March 2021.

Cautionary Statement:

Certain statements made in the management discussion and analysis report relating to the Company's objectives, projections, outlook, expectations, estimates and others may constitute 'forward looking statements' within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results may differ from such expectations, projections and so on, whether express or implied. Several factors could make a significant difference to the Company's operations. These include economic conditions affecting demand and supply, government regulations and taxation, natural calamities and so on over which the Company does not have any direct control. The Company assumes no responsibility to publicly amend, modify or revise any forward-looking statements, on the basis of any subsequent developments, information or events.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-Ziaulla Sheriff Chairman and Managing Director DIN: 00002098 Address: Al-Barka Golden Enclave, Airport Road, Bangalore-560017

Date: August 13, 2021 Place: Bangalore

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members Starcom Information Technology Limited

Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the Ind AS financial statements of **Starcom Information Technology Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2021, and the statement of Profit and Loss (Including Other Comprehensive Income), statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, *except the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph*, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and its loss (Financial performance including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

- a. As stated in note 39 of the financial statements, the Company have an overdue statutory dues as on 31st March 2021 in respect of Sales Tax / Service Tax / Goods and Service Tax of Rs. 226.43 lacs (including interest oi Rs. 118.85 lacs), Provident Fund / ESIC / Professional Tax of Rs. 169.70 lacs (including interest of Rs. 69.50 lacs) and Tax Deducted at Source or Rs. 577.58 lacs (including interest of Rs. 219.41 lacs). Though the Company has provided for interest up to 31st March 2021 in respect of these liabilities, any other consequential impacts as per the respective laws are not ascertained at present. Accordingly, We are unable to comment upon the resultant effect of same on the Assets, Liability and Loss of the company.
- b. As stated in note 40 of the financial statements, the Company has not provided rent for the year ended 31st March, 2021 amounting to Rs. 113.85 lacs in respect of office premises owned by a promoter of the Company jointly with another party since the Company is having negative cashflows and current pandemic situation. Had these expenses have been booked by the Company, Rent expense, loss for the quarter and year end would have been higher by Rs. 113.85 lacs respectively and liabilities and debit balance of other equity would have been higher by Rs. 227.69 lacs as at 31st March, 2021.
- c. Attention is invited to Note no. 41 in respect of deferred tax assets amounting to Rs. 62.33 lacs, in the absence of appropriate audit evidence for reasonable certainty of its realisation, had the said deferred tax assets have not been recognised, loss for the quarter and year end, debit balance of other equity would have been higher by and assets would have been lower by Rs. 62.33 lacs.

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d. Attention is invited to Note no. 42 in respect of Intangible Assets under Development amounting to Rs. 2431.03 lacs which is not completed since long time. In the absence of appropriate audit evidence, we are unable to comment whether it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and impairment loss if any in respect of the same. Accordingly, We are unable to comment upon the resultant effect of same on the Assets, Liability and Loss of the company.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

Attention is invited to Note No. 43 to the accompanying Statement which indicate that The company has incurred cash losses and its net worth is fully eroded. Further the Company's Current liabilities exceeds its current assets as at the date of the Balance sheet. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the company has prepared its financials on going concern basis, as the Management is pursuing the prospective investors to meet its working capital requirements and is of the opinion that the operations of the Company will make profits in future.

Other Matters

We draw attention to Note 44 to the Statement, which describes the uncertainties due to the outbreak of SARS-CoV-2 virus (COVID-19). In view of these uncertainties, the impact on the Company's financial statements is significantly dependent on future developments. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and

We do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. During the course of our audit, we have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report *except for the matter described in the Basis for Qualified opinion section.*

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Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the management discussion and analysis Board's Report, Report on Corporate governance and Business Responsibility report but does not included in the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards / IND AS specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

That Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

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1. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

- 2. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also :
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 3. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

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- 4. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 5. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1 As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the **Annexure A** statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2 As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

(b) Except the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

(c) The Ind AS financial statements dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

(d) Except the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards / IND AS as specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

(e) The matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph and Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern paragraph above, in our opinion, may have an adverse impact on the functioning of the Company.

(f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

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(g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in **"Annexure B"**.

(h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations if any, on its financial position in its financial statements (Refer Note 31 of the Ind AS Financial Statements);
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There have been no delays in transferring amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the company.

3. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not paid/provided for any managerial remuneration, accordingly the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are not applicable to the Company.

For CAS & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN. 111075W

Gourav Roongta Partner Mem. No. 186176 UDIN : 21186176AAAAAX2626 Place: Mumbai

Date: 30th June, 2021



Annexure "A" to the Independent Auditor's Report

Annexure referred to in Paragraph 1 of "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of **Starcom Information Technology Limited** ("the company") on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021.

As required by the Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2016 and according to the information and explanations given to us during the course of the audit and on the basis of such checks of the books and records as were considered appropriate we report that:

- (i) a) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of its fixed assets.
 - b) As explained to us, the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management in accordance with a phased programme of verification, which in our opinion is reasonable, considering the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this program certain fixed assets were verified during the year. The frequency of verification is reasonable and no discrepancies have been noticed on such physical verification.
 - c) According to the information and explanations given to us the company does not hold any immovable property.
- (ii) The inventories have been physically verified by the Management during the year at reasonable intervals. Discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventories as compare to books of records were not material and have been properly dealt with the books of accounts.
- (iii) During the year, the Company has not granted any loans whether secured or unsecured to any parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence paragraph 3 (iii) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, section 185 and section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable, since the Company has neither granted any loan nor made any investment in any securities or given any guarantees or security in/or body corporate.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records, the Company has not accepted any deposits from public within the provision of section 73 to 76 of the Act and ruled framed there under.
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed for the maintenance of cost record under Section 148(1) of the Act.
- (vii) a) According to the records of the Company, amount deducted/accrued in the books of accounts in respect of the undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employee's State Insurance, Income tax, Sales tax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and other Statutory Dues to the extent applicable to the Company, *have not been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities*. Undisputed amounts payable in respects thereof, which were outstanding as at 31st March 2021 for a period more than six months from the date they became payable are as follows:

Name of the Statue	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs)
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Tax Deduction at Source (TDS)	3,58,16,842
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax	25,08,616
The Employee's Provident fund and	Provident Fund	93,92,135
Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952		
Central Sales Tax ,1956	Central Sales Tax, Karnataka	18,00,028
Central Sales Tax ,1956	Central Sales Tax –Delhi	21,57,561



The Central Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017	Goods and Service tax	42,92,305
The Karnataka Tax on Professions, Trades, Callings and Employment Act, 1976		1,46,900
Employees' State insurance Act, 1948	Employee State insurance	4,82,014

According to the information and explanations given to us, dues of income tax, sales tax, value b) added tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, Goods and Service Tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute with the relevant authorities are as under:

Nature of Liability	Amount	Period to which the matter pertains
	1,297,523	F.Y 2015-16
Value Added Tax, Karnataka	2,232,374	F.Y 2016-17
	28,814	April 2017 to June 2017
	26,81,353	A.Y 17-18
Income Tax	60,51,220	A.Y 18-19
	73,60,810	A.Y 19-20

- As per the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not defaulted (viii) in repayment of its dues to banks and the Company has no facilities from financial institutions, government and has not issued any debentures.
- (ix) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans.
- During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in (x) accordance with generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to information and explanation given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such instances by the management.
- (xi) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not paid / provided for any managerial remuneration. Hence paragraph 3(xi) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a (xii) Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the (xiii) records of the Company, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and company had not entered into any transaction which are covered under section188 of Companies Act, 2013.
- The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or (xiv) partly convertible debentures during the year.
- According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the (xv)records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with him during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xv) of the Order is not applicable.



(xvi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For CAS & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. No. 111075W

Gourav Roongta Partner Mem No: 186176 UDIN : 21186176AAAAAX2626

Place : Mumbai Date : 30th June 2021



Annexure "B" to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Ind AS financial statements of Starcom Information Technology Limited for the year ended 31st March 2021.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Starcom Information Technology Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that We comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Qualified Opinion

According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our audit, the following material weakness has been identified in the operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting as at 31st March, 2021:

The documentation in respect of specific policies and procedures and the IT Controls pertaining to internal financial controls over financial reporting are not adequate and needs to be further strengthened. This may potentially result in the risk of overriding of these controls and misstatement in recording of transaction.

A "material weakness" is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

In our opinion, except for the possible effect of the material weakness described above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Company has maintained, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.



We have considered the material weaknesses identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing and audit tests applied in our audit of the financial statements of the Company and these material weaknesses above does not affect our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements of the Company.

For CAS & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. No. 111075W

Gourav Roongta Partner Mem. No. 186176 UDIN : 21186176AAAAAX2626

Place : Mumbai Date : 30th June 2021

Starcom Information Technology Limited Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2021

	(Amount in R		
Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
ASSETS			
A) Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	3	12,66,921	15,80,369
Intangible Assets	4	2,36,26,586	2,78,05,39
Intangible Assets Under Development	4	24,31,02,572	22,49,86,65
Financial Assets			
Others Financial Assets	5	57,29,281	48,50,38
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	6	62,33,399	84,98,84
Other Non - current assets	7	10,87,985	14,68,91
Income Tax Asset (net)	12	18,05,852	-
Total Non - current assets		28,28,52,597	26,91,90,56
B) Current assets			
Inventories	8	5,59,475	5,11,64
Financial Assets			
Trade receivables	9	8,61,67,408	9,53,00,13
Cash and cash equivalents	10	6,12,191	1,23,27
Bank Balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	11	55,725	2,43,04
Others Financial Assets	5	15,87,399	24,22,25
Other current assets	7	33,559	11,03,72
Total Current assets		8,90,15,756	9,97,04,07
iotal current assets		0,90,13,730	9,97,04,07
TOTAL ASSETS		37,18,68,353	36,88,94,63
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Equity Share Capital	13	5,00,06,000	5,00,06,00
Other Equity		(5,69,83,348)	(3,48,90,44
Total Equity		(69,77,348)	1,51,15,55
LIABILITIES			
A) Non-current liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	14	14,43,42,674	13,53,52,14
Other Non-Current Liabilities	15	20,74,409	20,74,40
Provisions	16	51,59,079	74,68,50
Total Non-current liabilities		15,15,76,162	14,48,95,06
B) Current liabilities			
, Financial Liabilities			
Short term Borrowing	17	2,44,53,028	26,00,00
Trade payables	18	_,,,	20,00,00
- Due to micro and small enterprises	10	54,47,622	46,84,87
- Due to Others		9,43,52,567	9,74,66,65
Other financial liabilities	19	9,43,52,507	9,74,00,05 13,79,99
Provisions	16	4,32,374	8,83,42
Income Tax Liability (net)	20	-	59,67
Other Current Liabilities	21	10,11,60,813	10,18,09,39
Total Current liabilities		22,72,69,540	20,88,84,02
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		37,18,68,353	36,88,94,63

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our audit report of even date

For C A S & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 111075W

Gourav Roongta

Partner Mem No.: 186176 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Starcom Information Technology Limited CIN : L67120KA1995PLC078846

Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff Managing Director DIN - 00002098

Mr. Mukhtar Ahmad Chief Financial Officer

Place : Bengaluru Date : 30th June ,2021 Mr. Maddur Gundurao Mohankumar Director DIN - 00020029

> Nidhi Sharma Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai Date : 30th June ,2021

Starcom Information Technology Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended 31st March 2021

		(Amount in Rs	
Particulars	Note No.	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Income			
Revenue From Operations	22	5,64,09,872	9,32,26,398
Other Income	23	86,65,968	97,62,044
Total Income	-	6,50,75,840	10,29,88,443
Expenses			
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	24	1,27,62,441	1,60,02,984
Changes in inventories of finished goods	25	(47,828)	2,04,663
Employee benefits expenses	26	2,87,89,632	3,74,25,433
Finance costs	27	1,29,89,525	1,05,11,742
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	28	45,28,760	47,61,504
Other expenses	29	3,01,24,997	4,45,01,119
Total expenses	-	8,91,47,526	11,34,07,445
Profit before tax	Ē	(2,40,71,687)	(1,04,19,003)
Tax expense/ (credit)			
(1) Current tax	20	-	-
(2) Deferred tax	6	11,61,944	(39,748)
(3) Short / (Excess) provision for tax of earlier years		-	-
Total tax expenses/(credit)		11,61,944	(39,748)
Profit/ (loss) for the year (A)		(2,52,33,631)	(1,03,79,255)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items not to be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
- Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligation		42,44,233	8,58,218
- Income tax effect on above		(11,03,501)	(2,23,137)
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax (B)	-	31,40,732	6,35,081
T. (.)		(0.00.00.000)	(07.44.470)
Total comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year, net of tax (A+B)		(2,20,92,899)	(97,44,173)
Earnings per equity share: (in Rs)	30		
Equity shares of Par value of Rs. 10 /-each			
Basic		(5.05)	(2.08)
Diluted		(5.05)	(2.08)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

This is the statement of profit and loss referred to in our audit report of even date

For C A S & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 111075W

Gourav Roongta Partner Mem No.: 186176 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Starcom Information Technology Limited CIN: L67120KA1995PLC078846

Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff Managing Director DIN - 00002098 Mr. Maddur Gundurao Mohankumar Director DIN - 00020029

Mr. Mukhtar Ahmad Chief Financial Officer

Place : Bengaluru Date : 30th June ,2021 Nidhi Sharma Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai Date : 30th June ,2021

Starcom Information Technology Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year ended 31st March 2021

A) Equity share capital

Particulars	Number	Amount in Rs
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each issued, subscribed and paid		
Balance as at 1 April 2019	50,00,600	5,00,06,000
Changes in equity share capital for the year ended 31 March 2020	-	-
Balance as at the 31 March 2020	50,00,600	5,00,06,000
Changes in equity share capital for the year ended 31 March 2021	-	-
Balance as at the 31 March 2021	50,00,600	5,00,06,000

B) Other equity

			(Allount III KS)	
	Reserves and surplus	Other comprehensive income	Total equity attributable	
Particulars	Retained Remeasurement of po Earnings obligation		to equity holders	
Balance as at 1 April 2019	(2,59,47,797)	8,01,521	(2,51,46,276)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	(1,03,79,255)	6,35,081	(97,44,173)	
Balance as at the 31 March 2020	(3,63,27,052)	14,36,603	(3,48,90,449)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	(2,52,33,631)	31,40,732	(2,20,92,899)	
Balance as at the 31 March 2021	(6,15,60,683)	45,77,335	(5,69,83,348)	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our audit report of even date

For C A S & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 111075W

Gourav Roongta Partner Mem No.: 186176 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Starcom Information Technology Limited CIN : L67120KA1995PLC078846

Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff Managing Director DIN - 00002098 Mr. Maddur Gundurao Mohankumar Director DIN - 00020029

Mr. Mukhtar Ahmad Chief Financial Officer Nidhi Sharma Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai Date : 30th June ,2021 Place : Bengaluru Date : 30th June ,2021 (Amount in Rs)

Starcom Information Technology Limited Cash Flow Statement for the Year ended 31st March 2021

Cash Flow Statement for the Year ended 31st March 2021		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
Fariculars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net profit before tax	(2,40,71,687)	(1,04,19,003
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation & Amortisation Expense	45,28,760	47,61,504
Finance Cost (including fair value change in financial instruments)	1,00,47,596	96,62,403
Interest income (including fair value change in financial instruments)	(86,56,181)	(89,11,224
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	42,44,233	8,58,218
Provision for expected credit loss on trade receivables	34,19,544	1,04,14,372
Operating profit before working capital changes	(1,04,87,735)	63,66,270
Adjustments for changes in working capital:		
(Increase) / Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables	57,13,179	1,04,60,573
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	(47,828)	2,04,663
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Financial Assets	(44,038)	50,416
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Assets	14,51,088	(1,60,929
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade and Other Payables	(23,51,337)	3,81,288
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	(6,48,586)	1,74,92,431
Increase / (Decrease) in Long Term Provisions	(23,09,429)	10,40,520
Increase / (Decrease) in Short Term Provisions	(4,51,051)	1,43,592
Cash generated from / (used in) operations	(91,75,737)	3,59,78,825
Direct taxes paid (Net of Refunds)	(18,65,526)	(5,42,703
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	(1,10,41,263)	3,54,36,122
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets (including intangibles under development)	(1,81,52,419)	(3,60,44,322
Fixed deposits	1,87,321	(36,567
Interest received	82,634	3,14,188
Net cash flow used in investing activities (B)	(1,78,82,463)	(3,57,66,701
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds form issues of Long term Borrowings (Net)	79,88,282	(44,27,200
Proceeds form issues of Short term Borrowings (Net)	2,18,53,028	26,00,000
Interest paid	(4,28,667)	(6,72,749
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	2,94,12,643	(24,99,949
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	4,88,916	(28,30,529
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,23,274	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		29,53,804
כמסוו מווע כמסוו בקעוצמוכוונס מג נווכ בווע טו נווכ צכמו 	6,12,191	1,23,274
Components of cash and cash equivalents considered only for the purpose of cash flow statement		
In bank current accounts in Indian rupees	5,66,528	1,02,807
Cash on hand	45,663	20,467
	6,12,191	1,23,274

Note:

1. The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 7) - Statement of Cash Flow.

2. Previous year's figures have been regrouped or reclassified, to conform to the current year's presentation wherever considered necessary.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our audit report of even date

For C A S & Co. **Chartered Accountants** Firm Reg. No. 111075W

Gourav Roongta Partner Mem No.: 186176

Place : Mumbai Date : 30th June ,2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Starcom Information Technology Limited CIN: L67120KA1995PLC078846

Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff Managing Director DIN - 00002098

Mr. Maddur Gundurao Mohankumar Director DIN - 00020029

Mr. Mukhtar Ahmad Nidhi Sharma **Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary** Place : Bengaluru

Date : 30th June ,2021

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31st March 2021

Note 1 Corporate Information

Starcom Information Technology Limited ("the Company") is a public listed company, domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Its shares are listed on two stock exchanges in India (Bombay Stock Exchange and Ahmedabad Stock Exchange). The Company's principal business is to be a global IT driven solution provider in the Business Intelligence, Analytics and Big Data space, focussed on innovative products and services.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021 were authorised for issue in accordance with resolution of the Board of Directors on 30th June, 2021.

Note 2.1 Significant Accounting Policies

i Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared to comply in all material respects with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended).

The financial statements for all periods upto and including year ended 31 March 2017 were prepared in accordance with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act ("the Act"), read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (as amended) ("previous GAAP"). The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018 are the first financial statements prepared by the Company in accordance with Ind AS.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with the exception of certain financial assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value, on an accrual basis of accounting.

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per normal operating cycle of the Company and other criteira set out in as per the guidance set out in Schedule III to the Act. Based on nature of services, the Company ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of asset and liabilities.

The Company's financial statements are reported in Indian Rupees, which is also the Company's functional currency.

ii Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements, in conformity with the Ind AS, requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of financial statements and the results of operation during the reported period. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates which are recognised in the period in which they are determined.

Estimates and assumptions

The Company has based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below :

Deferred tax assets

In assessing the realisability of deferred income tax assets, management considers whether some portion or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred income tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which the temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversals of deferred income tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based on the level of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred income tax assets are deductible, management believes that the Company will realize the benefits of those deductible differences. The amount of the deferred income tax assets considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carry forward period are reduced.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31st March 2021

Defined benefit plans

The cost and present value of the gratuity obligation and compensated absences are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, attrition rate and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

Impairment of Receivables

The impairment provisions of financial receivables disclosed based on the assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates.

iii Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost of acquisition including attributable interest and finance costs, if any, till the date of acquisition/ installation of the assets less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditure relating to Property, Plant and Equipment is capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements, either on disposal or when retired from active use and the resultant gain or loss are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has opted to continue with the carrying values measured under the previous GAAP as at 1 April 2016 of its Property, Plant and Equipment and use that carrying value as the deemed cost.

iv Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for acquistion of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Software product development cost are expenses as incurred unless technical and commercial feasibility of project is demonstarted, future economic benefits are probable, the company has an intention and ability to complete or sell the softwares and cost can be measured realiably. The cost which can be capitalised include the cost of material, direct labour and overhead cost that are directly attributable to preparing the assets for intended purpose.

Research cost are expenses as incurred.

Assets acquired but not ready for use are classified under Capital work-in-progress or intangible assets under development, as the case may be.

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has opted to continue with the carrying values measured under the previous GAAP as at 1 April 2016 of its Intangible Assets and used that carrying value as the deemed cost of the Intangible Assets on the date of transition i.e. 1 April 2016.

v Depreciation and Amortisation:

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value.

Depreciation on Property,Plant & Equipment of the company, except Leasehold Improvements and intangible assets has been provided as per the Written Down value method as per the useful lives of the respective Property,Plant & Equipment in the manner as prescribed by Schedule II of the Act.

Depreciation on Leasehold Improvements is amortized equally over the lease term.

Intangible Assets are amortised over a period of 10 years on systematic basis.

vi Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31st March 2021

a) Financial Assets

Initial Recognition

In the case of financial assets, not recorded at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent Measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

Financial Assets at Amortised Cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business model with an objective to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method. Impairment gains or losses arising on these assets are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value

Financial assets are measured at fair value through OCI if these financial assets are held within a business model with an objective to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows or to sell these financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial asset not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI is carried at FVTPL.

Impairment of Financial Assets:

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies the expected credit loss ("ECL") model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and credit risk exposures.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. Simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the period is recognised as income/ expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

De-recognition of Financial Assets

The Company de-recognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognizes its retained interest in the assets and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31st March 2021

b) Equity Instruments and Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

I) Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments which are issued for cash are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Equity instruments which are issued for consideration other than cash are recorded at fair value of the equity instrument.

II) Financial Liabilities

1) Initial Recognition

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at FVTPL, loans and borrowings and payables as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

2) Subsequent Measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognised over the term of the borrowings in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

3) De-recognition of Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are de-recognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as de-recognition of the original liability and recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

c) Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

vii Employee Benefits

(a) Defined Contribution Plan

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as provident fund, employees' state insurance, labour welfare are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company has no further obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

(b) Defined Benefit Plan

The Company also provides for gratuity which is a defined benefit plan, the liabilities of which is determined based on valuations, as at the balance sheet date, made by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. Re-measurement, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, in respect of gratuity are recognised in the OCI, in the period in which they occur. Re-measurement recognised in OCI are not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods. Past service cost is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year of plan amendment or curtailment. The classification of the Company's obligation into current and non-current is as per the actuarial valuation report.

(c) Leave entitlement and compensated absences

Accumulated leave which is expected to be utilised within next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. Leave entitlement, other than short term compensated absences, are provided based on a actuarial valuation, similar to that of gratuity benefit. Re-measurement, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, in respect of leave entitlement are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31st March 2021

(d) Short-term Benefits

Short-term employee benefits such as salaries, wages, performance incentives etc. are recognised as expenses at the undiscounted amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the period in which the related service is rendered. Expenses on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognised in the period in which the absences occur.

viii Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprises of cash at banks and on hand, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

ix Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.Borrowing costs relating to acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are added to the cost of such asset to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they occur.

x Foreign Currency Transactions:

(a) Initial Recognition

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

(b) Conversion

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are reported using the closing rate at the reporting date. Nonmonetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

(c) Treatment of Exchange Difference

Exchange differences arising on settlement/ restatement of short-term foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities of the Company are recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss

xi Revenue Recognition:

- (a) Revenue from sale of products is recognized when the company transfers all significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer.
- (b) Revenue from sale of products is recognised, in accordance with the sales contract, on delivery of goods to the customer.
- (c) Business facility income is recognised on accrual basis as per the terms of contract.
- (d) Income from Annual Maintenance Contract (AMC) is recognised on accrual basis as per the period of the contract.
- (e) Interest income is recognised using effective interest method.
- (f) Offshore Development Charges income (ODC) is recognised on accrual basis as per the terms of contract.
- Revenue from services is recognised when the stage of completion is measured reliably. Stage of completion is measured by the (g) service performed till Balance Sheet date as a percentage of total services contracted.

xii Inventories

Finished Goods are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is arrived on First in First Out basis

xiii Income Tax

Income tax comprises of current and deferred income tax. Income tax is recognised as an expense or income in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent it relates to items directly recognised in equity or in OCI.

(a) Current Income Tax

Current income tax is recognised based on the estimated tax liability computed after taking credit for allowances and exemptions in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31st March 2021

(b) Deferred Taxes

Deferred tax is determined by applying the Balance Sheet approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all deductible temporary differences between the financial statements' carrying amount of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax base. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rates or tax rates that are substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognised in the period that includes the enactment date. Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to reassess realisation.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(c) Minimum Alternative Tax

Minimum Alternative Tax ("MAT") credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent it is probable that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

xiv Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

As at each Balance Sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is an indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired and also whether there is an indication of reversal of impairment loss recognised in the previous periods. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company determines the recoverable amount and impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is determined:

- In case of an individual asset, at the higher of the assets' fair value less cost to sell and value in use; and

- In case of cash generating unit (a group of assets that generates identified, independent cash flows), at the higher of cash generating unit's fair value less cost to sell and value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specified to the asset. In determining fair value less cost to sell, recent market transaction are taken into account. If no such transaction can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except for properties previously revalued with the revaluation taken to OCI. For such properties, the impairment is recognised in OCI up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

When the Company considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through the Statement of Profit and Loss.

xv Trade receivables

A receivable is classified as a 'trade receivable' if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods sold or services rendered in the normal course of business. Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method, less provision for impairment.

xvi Trade payables

A payable is classified as a 'trade payable' if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased or services received in the normal course of business. These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. These amounts are unsecured and are usually settled as per the payment terms stated in the contract. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method.

xvii Leases

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership over the leased term, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term except where the lease payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation. In respect of assets given on operating lease, income is recognized on straight line basis over the lease term. Assets acquired on finance lease are capitalised at fair value or present value of minimum lease payment at the inception of the lease, whichever is lower.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31st March 2021

xviii Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company and weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares).

xix Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions (excluding gratuity and compensated absences) are determined based on management's estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. In case the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events, whose existence would be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. A contingent liability also arises, in rare cases, where a liability cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably.

xx Operating Segment

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The Company has identified its Managing Director as CODM which assesses the operational performance and position of the Company and makes strategic decisions.

Starcom Information Technology Limited Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31st March 2021

Note 3 : Property, Plant and Equipment

(Amount in Rs)

Particulars	Leasehold Improvements	Furniture & Fixtures	Office Equipments	Computers	Total
Gross carrying value					
Balance as at 1 April 2019	52,95,502	17,94,961	13,43,799	37,36,223	1,21,70,485
Additions	-	-	-	81,098	81,098
Balance as at 31 March 2020	52,95,502	17,94,961	13,43,799	38,17,321	1,22,51,583
Additions	-		-	36,500	36,500
Balance as at 31 March 2021	52,95,502	17,94,961	13,43,799	38,53,821	1,22,88,083
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as at 1 April 2019	52,95,502	9,80,119	8,92,119	29,20,781	1,00,88,522
Depreciation charge	-	1,78,156	70,303	3,34,233	5,82,692
Balance as at 31 March 2020	52,95,502	11,58,275	9,62,422	32,55,013	1,06,71,214
Depreciation charge	-	1,29,397	34,286	1,86,265	3,49,948
Balance as at 31 March 2021	52,95,502	12,87,672	9,96,708	34,41,278	1,10,21,161
Net carrying value					
Balance as at 1 April 2019	(0)	8,14,842	4,51,679	8,15,442	20,81,963
Balance as at 31 March 2020	(0)	6,36,686	3,81,376	5,62,307	15,80,369
Balance as at 31 March 2021	(0)	5,07,289	3,47,090	4,12,542	12,66,921

Note 4 : Intangible Assets & Intangible Assets Under Development		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	Software Modules	Intangible Asset Under Development
Gross carrying value		
Balance as at 1 April 2019	4,06,13,345	18,90,23,429
Additions	-	3,59,63,224
Disposals	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2020	4,06,13,345	
Additions	-	1,81,15,919
Disposals	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	4,06,13,345	24,31,02,572
Accumulated amortisation		
Balance as at 1 April 2019	86,29,135	-
Amortisation charge	41,78,812	-
Reversal on disposal of assets	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2020	1,28,07,947	-
Amortisation charge	41,78,812	-
Reversal on disposal of assets	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	1,69,86,759	-
Net carrying value		
Balance as at 1 April 2019	3,19,84,210	18,90,23,429
Balance as at 31 March 2020	2,78,05,398	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	2,36,26,586	

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31st March 2021

Note 5 : Others Financial Assets

(Unsecured)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Non-current		
Deposits	54,27,640	46,77,445
Fixed Deposit Accounts Maturity More than 12 Months *	3,01,641	1,72,940
Total non-current financial assets	57,29,281	48,50,385
Current		
Deposits	14,63,583	22,91,660
Interest accrued on Deposits	1,23,816	1,30,596
Total Current financial assets	15,87,399	24,22,256
Total Others Financial Assets	73,16,680	72,72,641

* Fixed Deposit are pledged against Bank Guarantee

Note 6 : Deferred Tax Assets (Net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets		
Excess of net block of fixed assets as per tax purpose over net block as per books of accounts	(5,85,183)	(3,66,362)
Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis	14,53,778	43,89,484
Provision for doubtful financial assets	53,64,804	44,75,723
Total Deferred Tax Assets (net)	62,33,399	84,98,844

Note 7 : Other Assets

(Unsecured)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Non-current		
Deferred rent on amortisation of financial asset	-	3,80,926
Provident Fund Paid under Protest	10,87,985	10,87,985
Total other non-current assets	10,87,985	14,68,911
<u>Current</u>		
Advances recoverable other than in cash	-	1,82,255
Prepaid expenses	33,559	9,21,467
Total other current assets	33,559	11,03,722
Total Other Assets	11,21,544	25,72,632

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31st March 2021

Note 8 : Inventories

(Valued at lower of cost or Net Realisable Value)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Stock in Trade	5,59,475	5,11,647
Total Inventories	5,59,475	5,11,647

Note 9 : Trade receivables

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Unsecured,Considered Good Less : Provision for expected credit loss	10,68,01,269 (2,06,33,861)	11,25,14,448 (1,72,14,317)
Total Trade receivables	8,61,67,408	9,53,00,131

Note 10 : Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Balances with banks - Current accounts in Indian rupees Cash on hand	5,66,528 45,663	1,02,807 20,467
Total Cash & Cash Equivalents	6,12,191	1,23,274

Note 11 : Bank Balances other than Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Margin money deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months and remaining maturities of less than 12 months	55,725	2,43,046
Total Bank Balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	55,725	2,43,046

Note 12 : Income Tax Asset (net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Advance tax and TDS (Net of Provision for Tax)	18,05,852	-
	18,05,852	-

Note 14 : Borrowings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Unsecured		
From bank	19,83,610	25,68,875
Less : Current Maturity of long term debt	(14,23,135)	(13,79,997)
	5,60,475	11,88,878
Loan from Director	14,37,82,199	13,41,63,270
Total Borrowings	14,43,42,674	13,53,52,148

a) Bank loan amounting to Rs. 19,83,610/- (P.Y 25,68,875) from ICICI Bank is the unsecured loan carries interest rate of 16% p.a. The loan is repayable in 36 installments along with interest started from January, 2019.

b) Loan from director is interest free and repayable after 31st March, 2022.

Note 15 : Other Non-Current Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Unamortised portion of Borrowings - Non-Current	20,74,409	20,74,409
Total	20,74,409	20,74,409

Note 16 : Provisions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Non-current_		
Provision for employee benefits (Refer note 33)		
- Gratuity	39,43,020	57,04,773
- Leave entitlement and compensated absences	12,16,059	17,63,735
Total non-current provisions	51,59,079	74,68,508
Current		
Provision for employee benefits (Refer note 33)		
- Gratuity	2,91,434	4,36,116
- Leave entitlement and compensated absences	1,40,940	4,47,309
Total current provisions	4,32,374	8,83,425
Total Provisions	55,91,453	83,51,933

Note 17 : Short term Borrowing

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Inter-corporate Deposits	2,44,53,028	26,00,000
	2,44,53,028	26,00,000

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31st March 2021

Note 18 : Trade payables

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
- Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises (Refer note below)	54,47,622	46,84,874
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises	9,43,52,567	9,74,66,653
Total Trade Payables	9,98,00,189	10,21,51,527

The Company has amounts due to micro and small suppliers registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006 (MSMED Act), as at 31st March 2020.

The disclosure pursuant to the said Act is as under:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act	54,47,622	46,84,874
Interest accrued and due to suppliers under MSMED Act on the above amount	-	-
Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond appointed day during the year	-	-
Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act	_	-
Interest due and payable to suppliers under MSMED Act towards payments already made	-	-
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	_	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years,	-	-
until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for		
the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED		
Act.		

Note: This information, as required to be disclosed under the MSMED Act, has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

Note 19 : Other financial liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Current Maturity of Long term Debt	14,23,135	13,79,997
Total Other Financial Liabilities	14,23,135	13,79,997

Note 22 : Revenue From Operations

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Sale of products Rendering of Services	4,31,44,122 1,32,65,750	
Total Revenue from Operations	5,64,09,872	9,32,26,398

Note 23 : Other Income

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Interest Income - on unwinding of loans taken from related parties - on margin money deposit & others - on unwinding of security deposit Gain on Foreign Exchange Fluctuations (net) Liabilities no Longer Payable written back	85,73,547 16,489 66,145 - 9,787	85,97,036 22,570 2,91,618 7,70,615 80,205
Total Other Income	86,65,968	97,62,044

Note 24 : Purchases of Stock-in-Trade

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Purchases of Stock in trade	1,27,62,441	1,60,02,984
	1,27,62,441	1,60,02,984

Details of traded goods purchases:

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Test, Measurement & Embedded Solutions for Educational Sector	1,27,62,441	1,60,02,984
	1,27,62,441	1,60,02,984

Note 25 : Changes in inventories of finished goods

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Opening Balance Stock in Trade	5,11,647	7,16,310
Closing Balance Stock in Trade	5,59,475	5,11,647
Total Changes in inventories of finished goods	(47,828)	2,04,663

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31st March 2021

Note 26 : Employee benefits expenses

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Salaries and Bonus Contribution to Provident Fund and Others welfare fund Gratuity and Leave Encashment Expense (Refer Note No.32) Staff Welfare Expenses	2,59,49,509 10,30,531 15,93,022 2,16,571	3,33,93,236 15,36,483 22,11,164 2,84,550
Total Employee Benefit Expense	2,87,89,632	3,74,25,433

Note 27 : Finance costs

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Interest Expense		
- on unwinding of loans taken from related parties	96,18,929	89,89,653
- on loan from bank	4,28,667	5,15,520
- on loan from Others	25,02,037	1,57,229
Bank Charges	4,39,892	8,49,339
Total Finance Costs	1,29,89,525	1,05,11,742

Note 28 : Depreciation and amortisation expenses

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020
Depreciation on Property,Plant and Equipment Amortisation of Intangible Assets	3,49,948 41,78,812	5,82,692 41,78,812
Total Depreciation and amortisation expenses	45,28,760	47,61,504

Note 29 : Other expenses

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Rent Expenses	5,06,000	9,09,494
Deputation Cost	36,72,300	56,56,000
Software Maintenance Charges	5,16,626	5,43,728
Repair & Maintenance - Others	6,36,011	9,25,167
Travelling & Conveyance	25,15,270	50,65,543
Advertisement and Business Promotion Expenses	2,03,837	2,49,034
Electricity Expenses	10,59,897	14,50,636
Security Expenses	3,95,645	3,91,298
Communication Costs	3,37,025	7,56,640
Printing & Stationery	1,07,649	3,36,405
Professional Consultancy Expenses	25,10,842	29,98,070
Auditor's Remuneration	19,00,000	19,00,000
Loss on Foreign Exchange Fluctuations (net)	10,03,567	-
Interest on Delayed Statutory Payments	1,02,94,817	1,07,44,407
Provision for expected credit loss on trade receivables	34,19,544	1,04,14,372
Miscellaneous Expenses	10,45,966	21,60,325
Total	3,01,24,997	4,45,01,119

Details of Payment to Auditors

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
For Audit Fees	16,00,000	16,00,000
For Tax Audit	3,00,000	3,00,000
Total Payment to Auditors	19,00,000	19,00,000

Note 30 : Earnings per equity share: (in Rs)

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Weighted average number of Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	50,00,600	50,00,600
Number of shares at the beginning	50,00,600	50,00,600
Number of shares at the end of the period	50,00,600	50,00,600
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period	50,00,600	50,00,600
Weighted average number of Potential Equity shares outstanding during the year	50,00,600	50,00,600
Total number of Potential Equity Share for calculating Diluted Earning Per share	50,00,600	50,00,600
Net Profit \ (Loss) after tax available for equity shareholders	(2,52,33,631)	(1,03,79,255)
Basic Earning per share (in Rs.)	(5.05)	(2.08)
Diluted Earning per share (in Rs.)	(5.05)	(2.08)

(Amount in Rs)

Note 13 : Equity Share Capital			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	
Authorised		111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
55,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10 each	5,50,00,000	5,50,00,000	
Total	5,50,00,000	5,50,00,000	
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid Up			
50,00,600 Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up	5,00,06,000	5,00,06,000	
Total	5,00,06,000	5,00,06,000	

a) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

b) Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period :

	Equity Shares					
Particulars	As on Mare	ch 31, 2021	As on March 31, 2020			
	Number	Rs	Number	Rs		
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	50,00,600	5,00,06,000	50,00,600	5,00,06,000		
Shares Issued during the year	-	-	-	-		
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-		
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	50,00,600	5,00,06,000	50,00,600	5,00,06,000		

c) Details of Sharehlders holding more than 5% shares in the company:

Name of the Sharholder	Equity Shares				
	As on March 31, 2021 As on March 31, 2020		31, 2020		
	No. of Shares	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	
	held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	
Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff	37,50,450	75.00%	37,50,450	75.00%	

Note 20 : Income Tax Liability (net)

(a) Amounts recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Current tax expense (A)		
Current year (including MAT Credit Entiltlement)	-	-
Short/(Excess) provision of earlier years	-	-
	-	-
Deferred tax expense (B)		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	11,61,94	4 (39,748)
Tax expense recognised in the income statement (A+B)	11,61,94	4 (39,748)

(b) Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income

	As at	March	31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020		20
Particulars	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense) benefit	Net of tax
Items that will not be reclassified to profit						
or loss						
Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligation	42,44,233	(11,03,501)	31,40,732	8,58,218	(2,23,137)	6,35,081
-	42,44,233	(11,03,501)	31,40,732	8,58,218	(2,23,137)	6,35,081

(c) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Profit before tax	(2,40,71,687)	(1,04,19,003)
Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate (25.62%)	(61,68,514)	(26,69,932)
Tax effect of :		
Tax effect of current year's losses on which no deferred tax assets has been recognised	73,30,459	26,30,184
Tax expense as per Statement of Profit & Loss	11,61,944	(39,748)
Effective tax rate	-4.827%	0.381%

(d) Income Tax Liability (net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Provision for Tax (Net of advance tax and TDS)	-	59,674
Total Income Tax Liability (Net)	-	59,674

Note 21 : Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
Statutory Dues Payable	9,86,59,559	9,09,01,294	
Annual Maintenance Contract (AMC) received in advance	16,90,879	8,62,768	
Advance from Customers	7,86,886	14,48,302	
Unamortised portion of Borrowings - Current	23,489	85,97,036	
Total	10,11,60,813	10,18,09,399	

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Year ended 31 March 2021

Note 31 : Contingent liabilities disclosures as required under Indian Accounting Standard 37, "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" are given below:

		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
I) Claims not acknowledged as Debts :		
i) Disputed liability in respect of Provident Fund	26,84,662	26,84,662
ii) Disputed liability in respect of penal damages against non payment of :		
Provident fund	43,76,219	
Tax Deducted at Source	27,56,550	
Professional Tax	1,94,600	1,94,600
iii) Disputed liability in respect of Karnatka Value Added Tax	35,44,511	35,58,711
iv) Disputed Income Tax Demand	1,81,38,983	1,60,93,383
v) Disputed Liability related to SEBI Matters	Not Ascertainable	Not Ascertainable
II) Guarantees		
Bank Guarantee	3,57,366	4,15,654
	-,,	, -,

Note 32 : Operating leases disclosures as required under Indian Accounting Standard 17, "Leases":

The Company has taken premises on operating lease and entered into non-cancellable Leave and License Agreements with various parties. An amount of Rs 5,06,000/- (31 March 2020 : Rs 9,09,494) is recognised as lease expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period ended 31th March, 2021.

Note 33 : Post Employment Benefit Plans

(Amount in Rs)

Defined Contribution Plans

Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	2020-21	2019-20
Contribution to Provident fund and others	10,30,531	15,36,483

Defined Benefit Plans

The Company has the following Defined Benefit Plans:

Gratuity: In accordance with the applicable laws, the Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ("The Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees on retirement (subject to completion of five years of continuous employment), death, incapacitation or termination of employment that are based on last drawn salary and tenure of employment. Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation on the reporting date. The following are the details of defined benefit plans:

Movement in net defined benefit (asset)/ liability

a) Reconciliation of balances of Defined Benefit Obligations.	Gratu	uity	Leave Encashment	
a reconcination of balances of benned benefit Obligations.	2020-21	2019-20	2020-21	2019-20
Defined Obligations at the beginning of the year	61,40,890	47,54,320	22,11,044	24,13,501
Current Service Cost	6,46,920	13,19,315	3,05,649	4,08,760
Interest Cost	3,90,561	3,21,858	1,40,622	1,61,231
Past service cost	-	-	-	-
Benefits paid	-	(70,000)	-	(98,833)
Actuarial (Gains)/ Losses on obligations				
-Changes in Demographic Assumptions	-	-	-	-
-Changes in financial Assumptions	1,31,308	3,79,062	(13,00,317)	1,08,035
-Experience adjustments	(30,75,224)	(5,63,665)	-	(7,81,650)
Defined benefit obligations at the end of the year	42,34,455	61,40,890	13,56,998	22,11,044
Changes in Fair Value of Plan Assets	-	-	-	-
Net (Asset) / Liability recognised in the balance sheet	42,34,455	61,40,890	13,56,998	22,11,044

b) Amount recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	Gratu	ıity	Leave Encashment	
b) Amount recognised in Statement of Front and Loss	2020-21	2019-20	2020-21	2019-20
Current Service Cost	6,46,920	13,19,315	3,05,649	4,08,760
Past Service Cost and loss / (gain) on curtailments and settlement	-	-	-	-
Interest Cost	3,90,561	3,21,858	1,40,622	1,61,231
Actuarial (Gains)/ Losses on obligations	(29,43,916)	(1,84,603)	(13,00,317)	(6,73,615)
Expenses for the year	10,37,481	16,41,173	(8,54,046)	(1,03,624)

c) Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income -	Gratu	ıity	Leave Encashment		
Remeasurements :	2020-21	2019-20	2020-21	2019-20	
Actuarial (Gains)/ Losses					
-Changes in Demographic Assumptions	-	-	-	-	
-Changes in financial Assumptions	1,31,308	3,79,062	(13,00,317)	1,08,035	
-Experience adjustments	(30,75,224)	(5,63,665)	-	(7,81,650)	
Return on plan assets excluding net interest cost	-	-	-	-	
Total	(29,43,916)	(1,84,603)	(13,00,317)	(6,73,615)	

d) Major Actuarial Assumptions	Grat	uity	Leave Encashment			
u) Major Actuariar Assumptions	2020-21	2019-20	2020-21	2019-20		
Discount Rate (%)	6.36%	6.82%	6.36%	6.82%		
		10% F5Y & 8%	10% F5Y & 8%			
Salary Escalation/ Inflation (%) *	10% F5Y & 8% T.A	T.A	T.A	10% F5Y & 8% T.A		
Attrition rates	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%		

* The estimates for future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis for each significant actuarial assumption as stated above, showing how the defined benefit

Particulars	Gratuity -	Jnfunded	Leave Encashment			
	2020-21	2019-20	2020-21	2019-20		
	Change in	Change in	Change in	Change in		
	Defined Benefit	Defined Benefit	Defined Benefit	Defined Benefit		
	Obligation	Obligation	Obligation	Obligation		
Discounting rate						
+100 basis points	-6.54%	-6.82%	-7.16%	-6.49%		
-100 basis points	7.34%	7.64%	8.12%	7.36%		
Salary growth rate						
+100 basis points	6.89%	7.21%	7.39%	6.74%		
-100 basis points	-6.26%	-6.56%	-6.65%	-6.06%		
Attrition rate						
+100 basis points	-1.23%	-1.12%	-1.18%	-0.92%		
-100 basis points	1.34%	1.21%	1.31%	1.02%		
Mortality Rate 10% UP	-0.05%	-0.03%	-0.04%	-0.03%		

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Year ended 31 March 2021

Sensitivity for significant actuarial assumptions is computed by varying one actuarial assumption used for the valuation keeping all other actuarial assumptions constant.

The expected future cash flows based on past service liability as at 31st March 2021 were as follows:

Particulars	Gratuity - Unfunded	Leave Encashment		
Projected benefits payable in future years from the date of reporting				
1st following year	2,91,434	1,00,889		
2nd following year	2,58,154	89,161		
3rd following year	3,05,200	1,19,566		
4th following year	5,92,768	1,66,188		
5th following year	1,52,413	53,913		
Years 6 to 10	12,01,488	3,90,586		

Current/ non-current classification :

Particulars	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Gratuity		
Current	2,91,434	4,36,116
Non-current	39,43,020	57,04,773
	42,34,454	61,40,889
Leave encashment		
Current	1,40,940	4,47,309
Non-current	12,16,059	17,63,735
	13,56,999	22,11,044

Note 34 : Related party disclosures as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24, "Related party disclosures" are given below:

a) Names of related parties and nature of relationship (to the extent of transactions entered into during the year except for control relationships where all parties are disclosed)

Nature of relationship	Nature of the party
 A) Key management personnel and their relatives 1) Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff 2) Mr. Mukhtar Ahmad 3) Mrs. Nidhi Sharma 	Managing Director Chief Financial officer Company Secretary
B) Entities where Directors / Key Management Personnel have Significant Influence	
Cubeware India Private Limited	Company in which director is interested as director

b) Transactions carried out with related parties referred to above, in ordinary course of business and balances outstanding:

i) Key management personnel and their relatives		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
1) Salary to Key Managerial personnel		
Mrs. Nidhi Sharma	3,11,040	3,75,468
2) Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff		
Loan taken from Director	-	2,50,000
Loan repaid to Director	-	35,00,000

c) Closing Outstanding Balances of Related Parties

			As at	As at
Name of Entities	Nature	Relationship	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff	Rent Payable	Managing Director	2,58,35,989	2,58,35,989
		Partnership with director of		
Bhatia Family*	Rent Payable	the company	4,02,45,147	4,02,45,147
Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff	Loans Payable	Managing Director	14,61,07,731	14,61,07,731
Mrs. Nidhi Sharma	Salary Payable	Company Secretary	22,120	25,000

*Office premises has been owned by the promoter (Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff) jointly with Bhatia Family.

Members of Bhatia family to whom Rent is Payable are :

1)Aarthi Bhatia 2)Kajol Bhatia 3)M M Bhatia 4)Sidharth Bhatia 5)Suresh Bhatia

6)Sunil Bhatia

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Year ended 31 March 2021

Note 35 : Segment reporting as required under Indian Accounting Standard 108, "Operating Segments"

The Company has disclosed business segment as the primary segment . These have been identified taking into account nature of products and services, the differing risks and returns and the internal business reporting systems.

The company operates into two business segments as required to be reported as per Indian Accounting Standard 108 on Operating Segments ,(a) Test, Measurement & Embedded solutions for Educational sector (b) Data Quality, Statistical and Analytics Softwares.

Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2021	Year Ended March 31, 2020		
A. Segment Revenue				
1. Test, Measurement & Embedded Solutions for Educational Sector	1,86,34,078	2,15,07,664		
2. Data Quality, Statistical & Analytics Softwares	3,77,75,794	7,17,18,734		
Total Revenue	5,64,09,872	9,32,26,398		
B. Segment Results				
1. Test, Measurement & Embedded Solutions for Educational Sector	20,57,353	24,78,286		
2. Data Quality, Statistical & Analytics Softwares	1,54,43,224	3,71,15,032		
Total	1,75,00,577	3,95,93,317		
i) Finance charges	1,29,89,525	1,05,11,742		
ii) Unallocable Expenditure net off income	2,85,82,739	3,95,00,578		
iii) Other Income		-		
Total Profit Before Tax	(2,40,71,687)	(1,04,19,003)		
Less: Tax Expenses	11,61,944	(39,748)		
Total Profit After Tax	(2,52,33,631)	(1,03,79,255)		

Particulars	As at March	As at March
	31, 2021	31, 2020
C.Segments Assets		
1. Test, Measurement & Embedded Solutions for Educational Sector	58,59,485	55,35,229
2. Data Quality, Statistical & Analytics Softwares	34,94,85,596	34,56,63,796
3. Unallocated	1,65,23,272	1,76,95,611
Total	37,18,68,353	36,88,94,637
D. Segment Liabilities		
1. Test, Measurement & Embedded Solutions for Educational Sector	38,31,295	90,06,924
2. Data Quality, Statistical & Analytics Softwares	38,31,295	22,90,914
3. Unallocated	37,13,72,114	34,24,81,249
Total	37,90,34,705	35,37,79,087

Note 36: Fair Value Measurement

A. Accounting classification and fair values

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique: Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly. Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Assets and Liabilities that are disclosed at Amortised Cost for which Fair values are disclosed are classified as Level 3.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the respective assets and liabilities are considered under Level 3.

			,											(Amount in Rs)
Financial Asset & Liabilities	Refer	Non Current	Current	Total	Route	ed through	n Profit &	Loss		Routed th	rough OC	1	Carried at	Total Amount
as at 31st March 2021	note				Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Amortised	
Financial Assets:														
Trade receivables	9		8,61,67,408	8,61,67,408			-	-					8,61,67,408	8,61,67,408
Others financial assets	5	57,29,281	15,87,399	73,16,680			-	-					73,16,680	73,16,680
Cash and cash equivalents	10		6,12,191	6,12,191			-	-					6,12,191	6,12,191
Other bank balances	11		55,725	55,725			-	-					55,725	55,725
Total Financial Assets		57,29,281	8,84,22,722	9,41,52,003			•	-					9,41,52,003	9,41,52,003
Financial Liabilities:														
Borrowings	14	14,43,42,674		14,43,42,674			-	-					14,43,42,674	14,43,42,674
Short term Borrowing	17		2,44,53,028	2,44,53,028									2,44,53,028	2,44,53,028
Trade payables	18		9,98,00,189	9,98,00,189			-	-					9,98,00,189	9,98,00,189
Other financial liabilities	19		14,23,135	14,23,135			-	-					14,23,135	14,23,135
Total Financial Liabilities		14,43,42,674	12,56,76,352	27,00,19,026			-	-					27,00,19,026	27,00,19,026

Financial Asset & Liabilities	Refer	Non Current	Current	Total	Rout	ed through	Profit &	Loss	F	Routed th	rough OC	1	Carried at	Total Amount
as at 31st March 2020	note				Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Amortised	
Financial Assets:														
Trade receivables	9		9,53,00,131	9,53,00,131			-	-					9,53,00,131	9,53,00,131
Others financial assets	5	48,50,385	24,22,256	72,72,641			-	-					72,72,641	72,72,641
Cash and cash equivalents	10		1,23,274	1,23,274			-	-					1,23,274	1,23,274
Other bank balances	11		2,43,046	2,43,046			-	-					2,43,046	2,43,046
Total Financial Assets		48,50,385	9,80,88,707	10,29,39,092			-	-					10,29,39,092	10,29,39,092
Financial Liabilities:														
Borrowings	14	13,53,52,148		13,53,52,148			-	-					13,53,52,148	13,53,52,148
Short term Borrowing	17		26,00,000	26,00,000									26,00,000	26,00,000
Trade payables	18		10,21,51,527	10,21,51,527			-	-					10,21,51,527	10,21,51,527
Other financial liabilities	19		13,79,997	13,79,997			-	-					13,79,997	13,79,997
Total Financial Liabilities		13,53,52,148	10,61,31,524	24,14,83,672			-	-					24,14,83,672	24,14,83,672

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Year ended 31 March 2021

Note 37 : Financial risk management objectives and policies

i. Risk management framework

A wide range of risks may affect the Company's business and operational / financial performance. The risks that could have significant influence on the Company are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's Board of Directors reviews and sets out policies for managing these risks and monitors suitable actions taken by management to minimise potential adverse effects of such risks on the company's operational and financial performance.

ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. The maximum exposure to credit risk in case of all the financial instruments covered below is restricted to their respective carrying amount.

(a) Trade and other receivables from customers

Credit risk in respect of trade and other receivables is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

The Company measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. The Company uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables. The provision matrix takes into account available external and internal credit risk factors such as credit ratings from credit rating agencies, financial condition, ageing of accounts receivable and the Company's historical experience for customers.

Ageing of Accounts receivables :		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
0 - 6 months	2,37,35,084	1,31,66,256
Beyond 6 months	8,30,66,185	9,93,48,192
Total	10,68,01,269	11,25,14,448

Financial Assets are considered to be of good quality and there is no significant increase in credit risk

The movement of the allowance for lifetime expected credit loss is stated below:

		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Opening provision	1,72,14,317	67,99,945
Add : Additional provision made	34,19,544	1,04,14,372
Less : Provision reversed	-	-
Closing provisions	2,06,33,861	1,72,14,317

(b) Cash and cash equivalents and Other Bank Balances

The Company held cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances of Rs. 6,67,916/- at 31st March 2021 (31st March 2020: Rs. 3,66,320). The cash and cash equivalents are held with bank with good credit ratings and financial institution counterparties with good market standing. Also, Company invests its short term surplus funds in bank fixed deposit, which carry no / low mark to market risks for short duration therefore does not expose the Company to credit risk.

Note 37 : Financial risk management objectives and policies

iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Liquidity risk is managed by Company through effective fund management of the Company's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and other borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted.

Maturity Analysis of Significant Financial Liabilities

Maturity Analysis of Significant Financial Liabilities				(Amount in Rs)
31st March 2021	Upto 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non current borrowings	-	14,43,42,674	-	14,43,42,674
Short term Borrowing	2,44,53,028	-	-	2,44,53,028
Trade and other payables	9,98,00,189	-	-	9,98,00,189
Other Financial Liabilities	14,23,135	-	-	14,23,135

31st March 2020	Upto 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non current borrowings	-	13,53,52,148	-	13,53,52,148
Short term Borrowing	26,00,000		-	26,00,000
Trade and other payables	10,21,51,527	-	-	10,21,51,527
Other Financial Liabilities	13,79,997	-	-	13,79,997

Note 37 : Financial risk management objectives and policies

iv. Market risk

Market Risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

iv.a Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of its operating and financing activities. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee. Our exposure are mainly denominated in U.S. dollars. The USD exchange rate has changed substantially in recent periods and may continue to fluctuate substantially in the future. The Company's business model incorporates assumptions on currency risks and ensures any exposure is covered through the normal business operations. This intent has been achieved in all years presented. The Company has put in place a Financial Risk Management Policy to Identify the most effective and efficient ways of managing the currency risks.

Exposure to currency risk

The currency profile of financial assets and financial liabilities as at March 31, 2021, and March 31, 2020 are as below:

				(Amount in Rs)
31st March, 2021	Exposure in USD		Exposure in EURO	
515t Warch, 2021	Amount in INR	Amount in INR Amount in USD A		Amount in EURO
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	1,41,60,853	1,93,454	-	-
Net exposure for assets	1,41,60,853	1,93,454	-	-
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	6,49,064	8,867	-	-
Net exposure for liabilities	6,49,064	8,867	-	-
Net exposure (Assets - Liabilities)	1,35,11,789	1,84,587	-	-

31st March, 2020	Exposure in USD		Exposure in EURO	
515t Warch, 2020	Amount in INR	Amount in USD	Amount in INR	Amount in EURO
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	1,45,74,845	2,32,546	-	-
Net exposure for assets	1,45,74,845	2,32,546	-	-
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	6,68,039	6,306	-	-
Net exposure for liabilities	6,68,039	6,306	-	-
Net exposure (Assets - Liabilities)	1,39,06,806	2,26,240	-	-

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening / (weakening) of the Indian Rupee against US dollars at 31st March would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in US dollars and affected profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases. In cases where the related foreign exchange fluctuation is capitalised to fixed assets or recognised directly in reserves, the impact indicated below may affect the Company's income statement over the remaining life of the related fixed assets or the remaining tenure of the borrowing respectively.

Impact of movement on Profit or (loss) and Equity :	(Amount in Rs)	
	Profit or (loss) and Equity	
Effect in INR (before tax)	Strengthening	Weakening
For the year ended 31st March, 2021		
1% movement		
USD	(1,35,118)	1,35,118
EURO	-	-
Total	(1,35,118)	1,35,118

Profit or (loss) and Equity

Effect in INR (before tax)	Strengthening	Weakening	
For the year ended 31st March, 2020			
1% movement			
USD	(1,39,068)	1,39,068	
EURO	-	-	
Total	(1,39,068)	1,39,068	

iv.b Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest-bearing liabilities and assets. The Company manages its interest rate risk by monitoring the movements in the market interest rates closely.

Exposure to interest rate risk

Company's interest rate risk arises primarily from borrowings. The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments is as follows.

		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Borrowings	19,83,610	25,68,875
	19,83,610	25,68,875

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for financial instruments at the end of the reporting year and the stipulated change taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the reporting period in the case of instruments that have floating rates. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates :

	(Amount in Rs)		
Profit	Profit or (loss)		
50 bp increase	50 bp decrease		
(99,181)	99,181		
(99,181)	99,181		
(1,28,444)	1,28,444		
(1,28,444)	1,28,444		
	50 bp increase (99,181) (99,181) (1,28,444)		

Note 38 : Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The Company strives to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that they can maximise returns for the shareholders and benefits for other stake holders. The aim to maintain an optimal capital structure and minimise cost of capital.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or adjust the dividend payment to shareholders (if permitted). Consistent with others in the industry, the Company monitors its capital using the gearing ratio which is total debt divided by total capital plus total debts.

		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Total debts	14,43,42,674	13,53,52,148
Total equity	(69,77,348)	1,51,15,551
Total debts to equity ratio (Gearing ratio)	1.05	0.90

Note 39 : The Company have an overdue statutory dues as on 31st March, 2021 in respect of Sales Tax / Service Tax / Goods and Service Tax of Rs. 226.43 lacs (including interest oi Rs. 118.85 lacs), Provident Fund / ESIC / Professional Tax of Rs. 169.70 lacs (including interest of Rs. 69.50 lacs) and Tax Deducted at Source or Rs. 577.58 lacs (including interest of Rs. 219.41 lacs). Though the Company has provided for interest up to 31st March, 2021 in respect of these liabilities, any other consequential impacts as per the respective laws are not ascertained at present. The Auditor has given modified opinion in this regard.

Note 40 : Since the Company is having stress in working capital finance and major funds are utilised in intangible assets under development, it has not able to pay Rs. 660.81 lacs (net of TDS) in respect of rent for the office premises for the period up to 31st March, 2019, which are owned by a promoter (Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff) jointly with his partner in other business. Considering the abovementioned facts and current Covid-19 pandemic situation, the management is hoping for waive off of the rent for the year and also requested to reduce the outstanding for earlier years to the extent possible. Accordingly, the management has not provided rent of Rs. 113.85 lacs for the year ended 31st March, 2020 and 31st March, 2021 (Rs. 227.69 lacs as on date). The Auditor has given modified opinion in this regard.

Note 41 :Though the company has incurred losses during the current and previous year, the Company has recognised deferred tax asset amounting to Rs. 62.33 lacs as at 31st March, 2021 as management beleives that the Company will generate sufficient profits in near future to realise the same. The Auditor has given modified opinion in this regard.

Note 42 : The Company is developing a Software related to Business Intelligence and Data Quality Solutions since long time of which carrying value as at 31st March, 2021 is Rs. 2431.03 lacs as Intangible Assets under Development. The management beleives that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company. The Auditor has given modified opinion in this regard.

Note 43 : The company has incurred cash losses and its net worth is fully eroded. Further the Company's Current liabilities exceeds its current assets as at the date of the Balance sheet. The Management is pursuing the prospective investors to meet its working capital requirements and is of the opinion that the operations of the Company will make profits in future. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Note 44 : The outbreak of Corona virus (COVID-19) pandemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance. The Company has taken into account the possible impact of Covid-19 in preparation of the financial statements, including its assessment of recoverable value of its assets based on internal and external information up to the date of approval of these financial statements and current indicators of future economic conditions. Considering the financial year was affected by the COVID Pandemic, where Educational Institutions were closed for most of the time, in the target segment, purchases have been deferred to the coming semesters, resulting in loss of business of more than 90 %. Most of the products of Starcom are only used in the labs for hands on implementations of applications & experiments, which were not possible as labs were closed all through the year as only online theoretical classes happened. Other Revenue line of services in defence establishment were also badly affected. Not only the defence labs operated with minimum staff, globally service chains were closed. Due to which projects were not completed & revenue generation has been deferred. Many Research & Development establishments were downsized with a spending crunch & unfavourable sentiments, resulted in loss of revenue.

The Management is hopefully for bounce back once the target segment opens up, by leveraging all the open opportunities & converting them into revenue. According to the Management, the Company's negative growth for this year, should be treated in the light of global pandemic affecting business & not anything else.

Note 45 : Prior year comparatives

Previous year's figures have been regrouped or reclassified, to conform to the current year's presentation wherever considered necessary.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

This is a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information referred to in our report of even date

For C A S & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 111075W

Gourav Roongta Partner Mem No.: 186176 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Starcom Information Technology Limited CIN : L67120KA1995PLC078846

Mr. Ziaulla Sheriff Managing Director DIN - 00002098 Mr. Maddur Gundurao Mohankumar Director DIN - 00020029

Mr. Mukhtar Ahmad Chief Financial Officer

Date : 30th June ,2021

Place : Bengaluru

Nidhi Sharma Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai Date : 30th June ,2021